HOTAI FINANCE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT
SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and

# HOTAI FINANCE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT (TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE)

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Hotai Finance Company Limited

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Hotai Finance Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at September 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and nine months then ended, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the nine months then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

#### Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" of the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Notes 4(3) and 6(6), the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries, investments accounted for under the equity method and the information disclosed in Note 13 were not reviewed by independent auditors. Total assets of these subsidiaries and investments accounted for under the equity method amounted to NT\$26,477,982 thousand and NT\$15,404,535 thousand, constituting 8.76% and 6.46% of the consolidated total assets as at September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, total liabilities amounted to NT\$21,017,835 thousand

and NT\$11,849,742 thousand, constituting 7.99% and 5.74% of the consolidated total liabilities as at September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and the total comprehensive gain (loss) amounted to NT\$50,662 thousand, NT\$40,430 thousand, NT\$46,594 thousand and (NT\$9,291) thousand, constituting 3.83%, 3.74%, 1.54% and (0.28%) of the consolidated total comprehensive income for three months and nine months then ended, respectively.

#### **Qualified Conclusion**

Except for the adjustments to the consolidated financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for under the equity method been reviewed by independent auditors as described in the *Basis for qualified conclusion* section above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at September 30, 2023 and 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three months and nine months then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the nine months then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Hsiao, Chun-Yuan

Lin, Chia-Hung

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

November 8, 2023

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

## HOTAI FINANCE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			September 30, 2023				December 31, 202	September 30, 2022		
	Assets	Notes		Amount	%	_	Amount	%	Amount	%
	Current assets									
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	5,469,908	2	\$	2,382,775	1	\$ 2,185,065	1
1110	Financial assets at fair value	6(2)								
	through profit or loss-current			-	-		300,000	-	-	-
1139	Hedging financial assets-	6(3)								
	current			511,615	-		504,827	-	232,491	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(4) and 8		11,623,806	4		9,340,046	4	9,118,394	4
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(4), 7 and 8		250,855,374	83		216,928,982	85	203,620,452	85
1200	Other receivables	7		120,647	-		82,568	-	85,473	-
130X	Inventories			3,803	-		5,979	-	2,708	-
1410	Prepayments	6(5) and 7		7,217,482	2		6,886,170	3	6,550,972	3
1476	Other current financial assets	8		552,044			373,119		418,296	
11XX	<b>Current Assets</b>			276,354,679	91		236,804,466	93	222,213,851	93
	Non-current assets									
1517	Financial assets at fair value									
	through other comprehensive									
	income-non-current			19,682	-		3,519	-	3,340	-
1550	Investments accounted for	6(6)								
	using equity method			591,677	-		115,502	-	96,030	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment,	6(7) and 8								
	net			8,702,360	3		6,886,804	3	6,460,280	3
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(8)		470,446	-		368,464	-	335,027	-
1760	Investment property, net	6(10)		283,147	-		284,766	-	285,305	-
1780	Intangible assets	6(11)		439,458	-		-	-	-	-
1840	Deferred income tax assets			1,007,122	1		826,857	-	803,327	-
1930	Long-term notes and accounts	6(4)								
	receivable			12,445,533	4		8,463,807	3	6,722,049	3
1990	Other non-current assets,	8								
	others			1,954,028	1		1,610,903	1	1,510,283	1
15XX	Non-current assets			25,913,453	9		18,560,622	7	16,215,641	7
1XXX	Total assets		\$	302,268,132	100	\$	255,365,088	100	\$ 238,429,492	100
						_				

(Continued)

## HOTAI FINANCE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023, DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Labilities   Current liabilities   Short-term home				September 30, 2023				December 31, 202	September 30, 202	22	
Current liabilities		Liabilities and Equity	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%	Amount	%
100		Liabilities									
Short-term notes and bills		Current liabilities									
payable   126,556,875   42   104,986,96   41   87,807,13   52   52   52   52   52   52   52   5	2100	Short-term loans	6(12)	\$	96,208,838	32	\$	83,933,343	33	\$ 85,800,878	36
	2110	Short-term notes and bills	6(13)								
Second		payable			126,556,875	42		104,986,596	41	87,807,713	37
Second	2126	Hedging financial liabilities-	6(3)								
2170					1,301,539	-		586,800	-	1,028,549	1
2170	2150	Notes payable	7		1,363,933	-		762,215	1	864,707	_
280	2170	* *			260,835	-		355,928	-	214,552	_
Parties   230, 16   188,488   290,166   270   280,166   270,163   2710,131	2180		7		,			,		,	
2000   Other payables					283,425	_		158,458	_	250,166	_
2300   Current Income tax liabilities   7	2200	*	7		*	1		*	1		1
280		• •	,			_					_
			7		· ·	_		· ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
					*	0		*			9
Portion   Port		= :	` ′		20,200,000	,		22,200,000	,	22,200,000	,
Current financial guarantee   18   18   18   18   18   18   18	2320	_	0(13)		424 047			7 901			
Second Residence   18	2270	=			424,947	-		7,891	-	-	-
Sumantee deposits received current   14,455,111   2   4,275,142   2   4,017,971   2399   Other current liabilities, others   55,652   - 65,667   - 59,915   21XX   Total current liabilities   261,053,278   86   221,376,661   87   205,589,181   88   88   88   89,8187   4   89,828   1   89,8	2370				20,700			20.500		44.270	
Current	2200		((1.6)		28,690	-		39,398	-	44,3/9	-
2399	2399		6(16)			_					
Total current liabilities						2			2		2
Non-current liabilities											
2540	21XX	Total current liabilities			261,053,278	86	_	221,376,661	87	205,589,181	86
2570		Non-current liabilities									
	2540	Long-term loans	6(15)		994,115	1		254,832	-	152,079	-
2645	2570	Deferred income tax liabilities			428,688	-		360,686	-	334,725	1
Non-current   Section	2580	Lease liabilities-non-current	7		326,864	-		255,831	-	222,176	-
25XX	2645	Guarantee deposits received-	6(16)								
Second Process		non-current			263,360	-		224,064	-	254,856	-
Total Liabilities   263,066,305   87   222,472,074   87   206,553,017   88   Equity   Share capital   6(18)	25XX	Total non-current		_							
Total Liabilities   263,066,305   87   222,472,074   87   206,553,017   88   Equity   Share capital   6(18)		liabilities			2.013.027	1		1.095,413	_	963,836	1
Equity   Share capital   Sha	2XXX					87			87		87
Share capital   6(18)					200,000,000		_	222, 172,071		200,000,017	
3110   Common stock   5,665,004   2   5,150,004   2   5,150,004   3120   Preference stock   1,000,000   -   500,		• •	6(18)								
3120   Preference stock	2110		0(10)		5 665 004	2		5 150 004	2	5 150 004	2
Capital surplus					, ,	2			2		2
17,011,275   6   12,510,367   5   12,510,367   8   13,510,171   9   13,510,171   9   13,510,171   9   13,510,171   9   13,510,171   9   13,510,171   9   13,510,171   9   13,510,171   9   13,510,171   9   13,510,171   9   12   12,510,171   9   13,510,171   9	3120		((10)		1,000,000	-		300,000	-	300,000	-
Retained earnings   6(20)     3310   Legal reserve   2,445,870   1   2,083,531   1   2,083,531   3320   Special reserve   23,732   -   157,171   -   157,171   3350   Unappropriated earnings   9,168,086   3   8,981,897   4   8,054,931   Other equity interest     3400   Other equity interest     ( 6,156)   -   98,329   -   99,662     31XX   Total equity attributable to shareholders of the parent   35,307,811   12   29,481,299   12   28,555,666   1   36XX   Non-controlling interest   3,894,016   1   3,411,715   1   3,320,809   3XXX   Total equity   39,201,827   13   32,893,014   13   31,876,475   1   Significant contingent liabilities   9   and unrecognized contract commitments   Significant event after the balance   11   sheet date	2200	* *	0(19)		17.011.275			12.510.267	-	12.510.267	_
3310   Legal reserve   2,445,870   1   2,083,531   1   2,083,531   3320   Special reserve   23,732   -   157,171   -   157,171   3350   Unappropriated earnings   9,168,086   3   8,981,897   4   8,054,931   00ther equity interest	3200		((20)		17,011,275	6		12,510,367	3	12,510,367	5
3320   Special reserve   23,732   -   157,171   -   157,171     3350   Unappropriated earnings   9,168,086   3   8,981,897   4   8,054,931     0   Other equity interest   3400   Other equity interest	2210		6(20)		2 445 050			2 002 521		2 002 521	
3350 Unappropriated earnings 9,168,086 3 8,981,897 4 8,054,931 Other equity interest  3400 Other equity interest ( 6,156) - 98,329 - 99,662  31XX Total equity attributable to shareholders of the parent 35,307,811 12 29,481,299 12 28,555,666 1  36XX Non-controlling interest 3,894,016 1 3,411,715 1 3,320,809  3XXX Total equity 39,201,827 13 32,893,014 13 31,876,475 1  Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant event after the balance 11 sheet date		_				1			1		1
Other equity interest  3400 Other equity interest ( 6,156) - 98,329 - 99,662  31XX Total equity attributable to shareholders of the parent 35,307,811 12 29,481,299 12 28,555,666 1  36XX Non-controlling interest 3,894,016 1 3,411,715 1 3,320,809  3XXX Total equity 39,201,827 13 32,893,014 13 31,876,475 1  Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant event after the balance 11 sheet date		=				-			-		-
3400 Other equity interest ( 6,156) - 98,329 - 99,662  31XX Total equity attributable to shareholders of the parent 35,307,811 12 29,481,299 12 28,555,666 1  36XX Non-controlling interest 3,894,016 1 3,411,715 1 3,320,809  3XXX Total equity 39,201,827 13 32,893,014 13 31,876,475 1  Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments  Significant event after the balance 11 sheet date	3350				9,168,086	3		8,981,897	4	8,054,931	4
31XX   Total equity attributable to shareholders of the parent   35,307,811   12   29,481,299   12   28,555,666   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1		* *									
to shareholders of the parent 35,307,811 12 29,481,299 12 28,555,666 1  36XX Non-controlling interest 3,894,016 1 3,411,715 1 3,320,809  3XXX Total equity 39,201,827 13 32,893,014 13 31,876,475 1  Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments  Significant event after the balance 11 sheet date	3400	Other equity interest		(	6,156)			98,329		99,662	
parent         35,307,811         12         29,481,299         12         28,555,666         1           36XX         Non-controlling interest         3,894,016         1         3,411,715         1         3,320,809         3           3XXX         Total equity         39,201,827         13         32,893,014         13         31,876,475         1           Significant contingent liabilities         9         and unrecognized contract commitments           Significant event after the balance         11           sheet date	31XX	Total equity attributable									
36XX       Non-controlling interest       3,894,016       1       3,411,715       1       3,320,809         3XXX       Total equity       39,201,827       13       32,893,014       13       31,876,475       1         Significant contingent liabilities       9         and unrecognized contract commitments         Significant event after the balance       11         sheet date		to shareholders of the									
3XXX Total equity Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant event after the balance 11 sheet date		parent			35,307,811	12		29,481,299	12	28,555,666	12
3XXX Total equity Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant event after the balance 11 sheet date	36XX	Non-controlling interest			3,894,016	1		3,411,715	1	3,320,809	1
Significant contingent liabilities 9 and unrecognized contract commitments Significant event after the balance 11 sheet date					39,201,827	13			13		13
and unrecognized contract commitments Significant event after the balance 11 sheet date			9								
commitments Significant event after the balance 11 sheet date		= =	-								
Significant event after the balance 11 sheet date		_									
sheet date			11								
		•	11								
302,208,132 10tal habitutes and equity \$ 302,208,132 100 \$ 233,303,088 100 \$ 238,429,492 10	2V2V			¢	202 260 122	100	¢	255 265 000	100	¢ 220 420 402	100
	JALA	Total nabilities and equity		<b>3</b>	302,200,132	100	Φ	455,505,088	100	ψ 430,4494	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### HOTAI FINANCE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

## THREE MONTHS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amount)

					hs ended	September 30		Nine months ended September 30				
			_	2023		2022		2023		2022		
	Items	Notes		Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
4000	Operating revenue	6(21) and 7	\$	7,503,161	100 \$	5,914,182	100 \$	20,988,165	100 \$	16,561,651	100	
5000	Operating costs	6(22) and 7	(	3,181,205) (	42) (	2,182,804) (	37) (	8,690,933) (	41) (	5,771,211) (	35)	
5900	Gross profit			4,321,956	58	3,731,378	63	12,297,232	59	10,790,440	65	
	Operating expenses	6(27)(28) and 7										
6100	Selling expenses		(	1,472,085) (	20) (	1,577,257) (	27) (	4,393,287) (	21) (	4,725,503) (	28)	
6200	General and administrative expenses		(	548,922) (	7) (	442,107) (	7) (	1,563,841) (	7) (	1,263,602) (	8)	
6450	Expected credit losses		(	937,614) (	13) (	491,500) (	8) (	2,413,666) (	12) (	1,192,911) (	7)	
6000	Total operating expenses		(	2,958,621) (	40) (	2,510,864) (	42) (	8,370,794) (	40) (	7,182,016) (	43)	
6900	Operating profit			1,363,335	18	1,220,514	21	3,926,438	19	3,608,424	22	
	Non-operating income and expenses											
7100	Interest income	6(23)		4,740	-	4,439	-	15,658	-	12,903	-	
7010	Other income	6(24)		129,448	2	149,983	2	265,494	1	396,077	2	
7020	Other gains and losses	6(25)		1,348	- (	2,522)	- (	23,033)	- (	10,723)	-	
7050	Finance costs	6(26)	(	2,042)	- (	987)	- (	4,766)	- (	3,025)	-	
7060	Share of loss of associates and joint ventures accounted	6(6)										
	for using equity method		(	9,615)	_ (_	1,901)	- (	24,705)	- (	7,468)		
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses			123,879	2	149,012	2	228,648	1 _	387,764	2	
7900	Profit before income tax			1,487,214	20	1,369,526	23	4,155,086	20	3,996,188	24	
7950	Income tax expense	6(29)	(	340,747) (	5) (	325,114) (	5) (	1,051,170) (	5) (	964,326) (	6)	
8200	Profit for the period		\$	1,146,467	15 \$	1,044,412	18 \$	3,103,916	15 \$	3,031,862	18	

(Continued)

### HOTAI FINANCE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

THREE MONTHS AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amount)

			Three months ended September 30				Nine months ended September 30						
				2023			2022			2023		2022	
	Items	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%		Amount	%	Amount	%
	Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period												
	Components of other comprehensive income that may												
	not be reclassified to profit or loss												
8316	Unrealized (losses) gains from investments in equity												
	instruments measured at fair value through other		<b>(h</b>	(50)		<b>(Φ</b>	700)		Φ	1.65	(4	17	
0210	comprehensive income		(2	650)		( <u>\$</u>	<u>708</u> )		\$	165		5 17)	
8310	Total components of other comprehensive income that		(	(50)		,	700)			165	,	17)	
	may not be reclassified to profit or loss		(	650)		(	<u>708</u> )			165	(_	<u>17</u> )	
	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that												
8361	will be reclassified to profit or loss												
0301	Financial statement translation differences of foreign operations			157,768	2		26,662			12,602		129,171	1
8368	Gains (losses) on hedging instrument	6(3)		18,434	1		15,614	-	(	12,002	1)	226,869	1
8399	Income tax related to components of other	6(29)		10,434	1		13,014	_	(	129,000) (	1)	220,009	1
0377	comprehensive income (losses) that will be reclassified	0(27)											
	to profit or loss			750	_	(	4,231)	_		31,077	- (	52,237)	_
8360	Total components of other comprehensive income			,,,,		_	.,)			21,077	\	<u> </u>	
0200	(loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss			176,952	3		38,045	_	(	85,381) (	1)	303,803	2
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net						2 5,5 12		_				
	of tax		\$	176,302	3	\$	37,337	_	(\$	85,216) (	1) \$	303,786	2
8500	Total comprehensive income for the period		\$	1,322,769	18	\$	1,081,749	18	\$	3,018,700	14 \$		20
	Profit attributable to:		<u> </u>	)= ): ::		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		÷	- )	<u> </u>	- / / -	
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	1,005,245	13	\$	909,254	16	\$	2,791,275	13 \$	2,696,421	16
8620	Non-controlling interest		-	141,222	2	-	135,158	2	•	312,641	2	335,441	
			\$	1,146,467	15	\$	1,044,412	18	\$	3,103,916	15 \$	3,031,862	$\frac{2}{18}$
	Comprehensive income attributable to								_				
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	1,092,471	15	\$	936,136	16	\$	2,686,790	12 \$	2,953,254	18
8720	Non-controlling interests		•	230,298	3		145,613	2		331,910	2	382,394	2
			\$	1,322,769	18	\$	1,081,749	18	\$	3,018,700	14 \$	3,335,648	20
	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(30)											
9750	Basic earnings per share	. /	\$		1.77	\$		1.61	\$		4.82 \$	5	4.76
9850	Diluted earnings per share		\$		1.77	\$		1.60	\$		4.82 \$	) )	4.76
	<i>U</i> 1		<u> </u>			÷			_				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

### HOTAI FINANCE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent												
			Share	e capital	_		Retained earnings			Other equity interes	st			
	Notes	Con	nmon stock	Preference share	Capital surplus	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earning		Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive s income	(Losses) gains on hedging instruments	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
Nine months ended September 30, 2022														
Balance at January 1, 2022		\$	5,150,004	¢	\$ 8,000,217	\$ 1,769,387	\$ 75,482	\$ 7,917,345	(\$ 107,689)	) \$ 2,994	(\$ 52,476)	\$ 22,755,264	\$ 2,738,415	\$ 25,493,679
Profit for the period		3		<del>-</del>	\$ 8,000,217	\$ 1,709,367	\$ 75,462	2,696,421	(3 107,089)	) 3 2,554		2,696,421	335,441	3,031,862
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period			-	-	-	-	-	2,090,421	65,232	( 17)	191,618	256,833	46,953	303,786
								2,696,421	65,232		191,618		382,394	
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period		-						2,090,421	65,232	(17)	191,618	2,953,254	382,394	3,335,648
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings	((20)					214.144								
Legal reserve	6(20)		-	-	-	314,144	- 01.600	(,	·	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	6(20)		-	-	-	-	81,689	( 81,689	·	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividend on common stock	6(20)		-	-		-	-	( 2,163,002	-	-	-	( 2,163,002)	-	( 2,163,002)
Issuance of preference stock	6(18)		-	500,000	4,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000,000	-	5,000,000
Compensation cost of share-based payments			-	-	10,150	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,150	-	10,150
Changes in non-controlling interests				<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	200,000	200,000
Balance at September 30, 2022		\$	5,150,004	\$ 500,000	\$ 12,510,367	\$ 2,083,531	\$ 157,171	\$ 8,054,931	(\$ 42,457)	\$ 2,977	\$ 139,142	\$ 28,555,666	\$ 3,320,809	\$ 31,876,475
Nine months ended September 30, 2023														
Balance at January 1, 2023		\$	5,150,004	\$ 500,000	\$ 12,510,367	\$ 2,083,531	\$ 157,171	\$ 8,981,897	(\$ 71,283)	\$ 3,156	\$ 166,456	\$ 29,481,299	\$ 3,411,715	\$ 32,893,014
Profit for the period			-	-	-	-	-	2,791,275	-	-	-	2,791,275	312,641	3,103,916
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period									6,364	165	(111,014)	(104,485)	19,269	(85,216)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period								2,791,275	6,364	165	(111,014)	2,686,790	331,910	3,018,700
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings							<u> </u>	-						
Legal reserve	6(20)		-	-	-	362,339	-	( 362,339	) -	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve reversed	6(20)		-	-	-	-	( 133,439)	133,439	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend on preferred stock	6(20)		-	-	-	-	-	( 58,685	) -	-	-	( 58,685)	-	( 58,685)
Cash dividend on common stock	6(20)		-	-	-	-	-	( 1,802,501	) -	-	-	( 1,802,501)	( 229,609)	( 2,032,110)
Stock dividend on common stock	6(18)(20)		515,000	-	-	-	-	( 515,000	) -	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of preference stock	6(18)		-	500,000	4,500,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,000,000	-	5,000,000
Compensation cost of share-based payments			-	-	908	-	-	-	-	-	-	908	-	908
Changes in non-controlling interests			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	380,000	380,000
Balance at September 30, 2023		\$	5,665,004	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 17,011,275	\$ 2,445,870	\$ 23,732	\$ 9,168,086	(\$ 64,919)	\$ 3,321	\$ 55,442	\$ 35,307,811	\$ 3,894,016	\$ 39,201,827

## HOTAI FINANCE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	NT .			ended September 30,		
	Notes		2023		2022	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities						
Profit before tax		\$	4,155,086	\$	3,996,188	
Adjustments to reconcile net profit to net cash used in operating						
activities Income and expenses having no effect on cash flows						
Expected credit losses and financial guarantee expenses			3,121,885		1,789,146	
Depreciation	6(27)		1,095,927		1,083,886	
Amortisation	6(11)		3,399		1,005,000	
Reversal of impairment loss recognized on leased assets	6(7)	(	1,294 )	(	3,035	
Gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6(2)(25)	(	196 )	(	322	
Compensation cost of share-based payments		(	908	(	10,150	
Net losses (gains) on disposals of property, plant and equipment	6(25)		1,774	(	1,191	
Interest expense	6(22)(26)		3,244,534		1,710,122	
Interest income	6(21)(23)	(	15,197,159 )	(	11,817,493	
Dividend income		(	900 )	(	911	
Profit from lease modification	6(8)	(	48 )	(	758	
Share of profit or loss of associates accounted for using equity method	6(6)		24,705		7,468	
Exchange gain			-		3,811	
Changes in assets and liabilities relating to operating activities						
Net changes in assets relating to operating assets						
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss  Notes and accounts receivable			300,196		322	
Other receivables		(	43,297,806 )	(	36,540,990	
Inventories		(	17,903 )		10,510	
Prepayments		,	505,197		244,683	
Other financial assets		(	294,192 )	(	78,899	
Net changes in liabilities relating to operating activities		(	163,462 )	(	55,230	
Notes and accounts payable			585,610		330,508	
Other payables		(	411,672 )	(	78,944	
Current financial guarantee liabilities		(	10,908 )	(	9,328	
Other current liabilities, others		(	11,991 )	(	1,378	
Cash outflow generated from operations		(	46,368,310 )	(	39,243,887	
Cash dividends received		(	900	(	911	
Interest received			15,187,395		11,790,804	
Interest paid		(	3,226,350 )	(	1,628,560	
Income tax paid		(	1,385,278 )	(	1,053,282	
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(	35,791,643 )	(	30,134,014	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			_			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(32)	(	2,267,698 )	(	1,956,860	
Acquisition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive						
income Acquisition of investments accounted for using equity method	6(6)	(	16,000 )	,	-	
Net cash flow from acquisition of subsidiaries	0(0)	(	500,880 )	(	350	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		(	599,722 )	(	7,504	
(Increase) decrease in other non-current assets		(	8,469 510,540 )		3,464 83,744	
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(	3,886,371 )		1,877,506	
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		(	3,880,371	(	1,8//,300	
Increase in short-term loans	6(33)		12,814,764		29,070,880	
Increase (decrease) in short-term notes and bills payable	6(33)		21,559,986	(	9,066,600	
Proceeds from long-term loans	6(33)		650,450	(	9,000,000	
Repayments of long-term loans	6(33)	(	124,393 )			
Proceeds from issuance of bonds payable	6(14)(33)	(	4,000,000		10,000,000	
Increase in guarantee deposits received	6(33)		218,463		307,626	
Cash dividends paid	6(33)	(	1,861,186 )	(	2,163,002	
Proceeds from issuance of preference stock	6(18)		5,000,000		5,000,000	
Increase (decrease) in other payables	6(33) and 7		442,425	(	292,008	
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities	6(33)	(	108,738 )	(	111,827	
Cash dividends distributed by subsidiaries to non-controlling interests		(	229,500 )	`	-	
Change in non-controlling interests		_	380,000		200,000	
Net cash flows from financing activities			42,742,271		32,945,069	
Effect of exchange rate changes			22,876		192,943	
increase in cash and cash equivalents		<u></u>	3,087,133		1,126,492	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period			2,382,775		1,058,573	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$	5,469,908	\$	2,185,065	

## HOTAI FINANCE CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AND 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

#### 1. <u>HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION</u>

Hotai Finance Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in installment sales and leases of vehicles and equipment. Hozan Investment Co., Ltd. holds 45.395% ordinary equity interest in the Company. Ho Tai Motor Co. Ltd. is the Group's ultimate parent company.

## 2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on November 8, 2023.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	
arising from a single transaction'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'International tax reform - pillar two model rules'	May 23, 2023

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

## (2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and will become effective from 2024 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International
	Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'lease liability in a sale and leaseback'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-	
current'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7, 'Supplier finance arrangements'	January 1, 2024
The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Great or the Great of	oup's financial condition
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• ,

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

#### (3) Effects of IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

Effective date by

	Directive date by
	International
	Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale of contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
	Standards Board
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	
comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability'	January 1, 2025

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

#### 4. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC.

#### (2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - (a) Hedging financial assets and liabilities.
  - (b) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.
  - (c) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

#### (3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
  - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
  - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
  - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
  - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

- (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.
- (f) For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, except for Hoyun International Limited, Hoyun International Leasing Co., Ltd., Hoing Mobility Service Co., Ltd., which were evaluated and disclosed based on their reviewed financial statements, other subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements were evaluated and disclosed based on their unreviewed financial statements. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, except for Hoyun International Limited and Hoyun International Leasing Co., Ltd., which were evaluated and disclosed based on their reviewed financial statements, other subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements were evaluated and disclosed based on their unreviewed financial statements.

Oumarchin (%)

#### B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

				Ownership (	%)	
			September	December	September	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	30, 2023	31, 2022	30, 2022	Description
Hotai Finance Co.,	Hoyun International	General investment	50.50	50.50	50.50	
Ltd.	Limited					
Hotai Finance Co.,	Hoing Mobility	Leasing of light	50.82	50.82	50.82	
Ltd.	Service Co., Ltd.	passenger vehicles				
Hotai Finance Co.,	He Jing Co., Ltd.	Installment sales of	81.00	81.00	81.00	
Ltd.		various vehicles				
Hotai Finance Co.,	He Jun Energy Co.,	Solar energy business	80.00	80.00	80.00	Note 1
Ltd.	Ltd.					
He Jun Energy Co.,	Wei Tien Energy	Energy storage business	100.00	100.00	100.00	Note 2
Ltd.	Storage Co., Ltd.					
He Jun Energy Co.,	Chaoyang Energy	Solar energy business	90.00	90.00	-	Note 3
Ltd.	Co., Ltd.					
He Jun Energy Co.,	Guang Yang	Solar energy business	90.00	90.00	-	Note 3
Ltd.	Energy Co., Ltd.					
He Jun Energy Co.,	Xian Yao Energy	Solar energy business	90.00	90.00	-	Note 3
Ltd.	Co., Ltd.					
He Jun Energy Co.,	Hejun Electricity	Electricity retailing	100.00	-	-	Note 4
Ltd.	Co., Ltd.	business				
He Jun Energy Co.,	Tung Ching Energy	Solar energy business	100.00	-	-	Note 5
Ltd.	Co., Ltd.					
He Jun Energy Co.,	Tung Ching Green	Solar energy business	100.00	-	-	Note 9
Ltd.	Energy Co., Ltd.					

				Ownership (	(%)	
			September	December	September	
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	30, 2023	31, 2022	30, 2022	Description
		•				_
He Jun Energy Co.,	Billion Sunpower	Solar energy business	100.00	-	-	Note 9
Ltd.	Co., Ltd.					
He Jun Energy Co.,	Cheng Yo	Solar energy business	100.00	-	-	Note 10
Ltd.	Technology Co.,					
	Ltd.					
Cheng Yo	Hon Yang Energy	Solar energy business	100.00	-	-	Note 10
Technology Co.,	Co., Ltd.					
Ltd.	TT T		100.00	100.00	100.00	37
•	Hoyun International	•	100.00	100.00	100.00	Note 6
Limited	Leasing Co., Ltd.	retail of and support service for vehicles				
Hoyun International	Hovun (Shanghai)	Factoring service	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Leasing Co., Ltd.	Commercial					
<i>8</i> ,	Factoring Co., Ltd.					
Hoyun International	•	Leasing of vehicles	100.00	100.00	100.00	
Leasing Co., Ltd.	Vehicle Leasing	•				
	Co., Ltd.					
Hoyun International	Hangzhou Yiyou	Leasing business	100.00	100.00	100.00	Note 7
Leasing Co., Ltd.	Network					
	Technology Co.,					
	Ltd.	<b>.</b>	100.00	100.00	100.00	N
Hoyun International	•	Leasing business	100.00	100.00	100.00	Note 7
Leasing Co., Ltd.	Wangyou					
	Technology Co., Ltd.					
Hoyun International		Goods trading business	100.00	100.00	100.00	Note 8
Leasing Co., Ltd.	International Trade	Goods trading business	100.00	100.00	100.00	11010 0
	(Suzhou) Co., Ltd.					

Note 1: Established in February 2022.

Note 2: Acquired in September 2022.

Note 3: Acquired in October 2022.

Note 4: Established in February 2023.

Note 5: Acquired in March 2023.

Note 6: Hoyun International Lease Co., Ltd. was renamed as Hoyun International Leasing Co., Ltd. in September 2022.

Note 7: Acquired in May 2022.

Note 8: Established in June 2022. Homei Consulting (Suzhou) Company Limited was renamed as Homei International Trade (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. in June 2023.

Note 9: Acquired in August 2023.

Note 10: Acquired in September 2023.

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: Not applicable.

- E. Significant restrictions: Not applicable.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group:

As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, the non-controlling interest amounted to \$3,894,016, \$3,411,715 and \$3,320,809, respectively. The information of non-controlling interest and respective subsidiaries is as follows:

		Non-controlling interest						
		September	30, 2023	December	31, 2022			
	Principal place		Ownership		Ownership			
Name of subsidiary	of business	Amount	(%)	Amount	(%)			
Hoyun International	China	\$ 2,793,786	49.50%	\$ 2,708,554	49.50%			
Limited	Cillia	\$ 2,775,760	47.5070	\$ 2,700,334	47.5070			
				Non-controll	ling interest			
				September	30, 2022			
	Principal place				Ownership			
Name of subsidiary	of business			Amount	(%)			
Hoyun International Limited	China			\$ 2,626,871	49.50%			

Summarised financial information of the subsidiaries:

#### Balance sheets

	Hoyun International Limited							
	Septe	ember 30, 2023	Dec	cember 31, 2022	Sep	otember 30, 2022		
Current assets	\$	31,424,710	\$	26,651,451	\$	24,961,271		
Non-current assets		3,516,359		3,029,418		2,912,364		
Current liabilities	(	28,808,180)	(	23,836,645)	(	22,150,554)		
Non-current liabilities	(	488,877)	(	372,397)	(	416,269)		
Total net assets	\$	5,644,012	\$	5,471,827	\$	5,306,812		

#### Statements of comprehensive income

	Hoyun International Limited					
	<u>T</u>	hree months end	ded Sep	tember 30,		
		2023		2022		
Revenue	\$	1,116,992	\$	930,642		
Profit before income tax		338,242		306,853		
Income tax expense	(	63,261)	(	77,873)		
Profit for the period		274,981		228,980		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		179,956		21,122		
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$	454,937	\$	250,102		
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest	\$	225,193	\$	123,800		

	Hoyun International Limited					
	N	line months end	ed Sep	tember 30,		
		2023	2022			
Revenue	<u>\$</u>	3,199,418	\$	2,681,255		
Profit before income tax		846,164		912,289		
Income tax expense	(	249,271)	(	235,498)		
Profit for the period		596,893		676,791		
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	<u></u>	38,931		94,856		
Total comprehensive income for the period	\$	635,824	\$	771,647		
Comprehensive income attributable to				_		
non-controlling interest	\$	314,732	\$	381,964		

#### Statements of cash flows

	Hoyun International Limited					
	Nine months ended September 30,					
		2023	2022			
Net cash used in operating activities	(\$	3,165,021) (\$	1,517,444)			
Net cash used in investing activities	(	382,619) (	440,170)			
Net cash provided by financing activities		3,903,537	1,897,591			
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash						
equivalents		22,876	192,943			
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		378,773	132,920			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		774,647	497,336			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	1,153,420 \$	630,256			

#### (4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges qualifying net investment hedges.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.

- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

#### B. Translation of foreign operations

The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and jointly controlled entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (b) Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

#### (5) Classification of current and non-current items

The Group is engaged in installment sales, and the operating cycle usually exceeds 1 year. The Group uses the operating cycle as its criterion for classifying current or non-current assets and liabilities related to installment sales. For other assets and liabilities, the criteria are as follows:

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
  - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
  - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;

(d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

#### (6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

#### (7) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

- A. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets that are not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value and recognises the transaction costs in profit or loss. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value, and recognises the gain or loss in profit or loss.

#### (8) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Group has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognize changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs.

  The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:

The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognized as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (9) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (10) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u>

For financial assets at amortized cost, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. However, for accounts receivable or operating lease receivable that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

#### (11) <u>Derecognition of financial assets</u>

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

#### (12) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessor)</u> - <u>lease receivables</u>/ operating leases

- A. Based on the terms of a lease contract, a lease is classified as a finance lease if the lessee assumes substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased asset.
  - (a) At commencement of the lease term, the lessor should record a finance lease in the balance sheet as 'lease receivables' at an amount equal to the gross investment in the lease (including initial direct costs). The difference between gross lease receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognized as 'unearned finance income of finance lease'.
  - (b) The lessor should allocate finance income over the lease term based on a systematic and rational basis reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment in the finance lease.
  - (c) Lease payments (excluding costs for services) during the lease term are applied against the gross investment in the lease to reduce both the principal and the unearned finance income.
- B. Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (13) Investments accounted for using equity method -associates

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes change in ownership interests in the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. In the case that an associate issues new shares and the Group does not subscribe or acquire new shares proportionately, which results in a change in the Group's ownership percentage of the associate but maintains significant influence on the associate, then 'capital surplus' and 'investments accounted for under the equity method' shall be adjusted for the increase or decrease of its share of equity interest. If the above condition causes a decrease in the Company's ownership percentage of the associate, in addition to the above adjustment, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.
- F. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.

#### (14) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.

D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures  $15 \sim 50$  years Furniture and fixtures (office equipment)  $2 \sim 20$  years Transportation equipment  $1 \sim 6$  years Leasehold improvements  $3 \sim 10$  years

#### (15) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessee) - right-of-use assets / lease liabilities</u>

- A. Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable.
  - The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability.
  - The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.
- D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease in profit or loss.

#### (16) <u>Investment property</u>

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of  $15 \sim 50$  years.

#### (17) Intangible assets

#### A. Goodwill

Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.

B. Intangible assets other than goodwill, mainly electricity sales agreements, are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life of 16 years.

#### (18) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

#### (19) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

#### (20) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for goods or services acquired from suppliers and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (21) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### (22) Bonds payable

Ordinary corporate bonds issued by the Group are initially recognized at fair value less transaction costs. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is presented as an addition to or deduction from bonds payable, which is amortized to profit or loss over the period of bond circulation using the effective interest method as an adjustment to the 'finance costs'.

#### (23) Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the Group to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. At initial recognition, the Group measures financial guarantee contracts at fair value and subsequently at the higher of the amount of provisions determined by the expected credit losses and the cumulative gains that were previously recognized.

#### (24) Hedge activities

- A. At the inception of the hedging relationship, there is formal designation and documentation of the hedging relationship and the Group's risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. That documentation shall include identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the Group will assess whether the hedging relationship meets the hedge effectiveness requirements.
- B. The Group designates the hedging relationship as follows:

  Cash flow hedge: a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction.

#### C. Cash flow hedges

- (a) The cash flow hedge reserve associated with the hedged item is adjusted to the lower of the following (in absolute amounts):
  - i. The cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument from inception of the hedge; and
  - ii. The cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item from inception of the hedge.
- (b) The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognized in other comprehensive income. The gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the ineffective portion is recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) The amount that has been accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve in accordance with (a) is accounted for as follows:
  - i. If a hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability, or a hedged forecast transaction for a non-financial asset or non-financial liability becomes a firm commitment for which fair value hedge accounting is applied, the Group shall remove that amount from the cash flow hedge reserve and include it directly in the initial cost or other carrying amount of the asset or liability.
  - ii. For cash flow hedges other than those covered by item i. above, that amount shall be reclassified from the cash flow hedge reserve to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged expected future cash flows affect profit or loss.

- iii. If that amount is a loss and the Group expects that all or a portion of that loss will not be recovered in one or more future periods, it shall immediately reclassify the amount that is not expected to be recovered into profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.
- (d) When the hedging instrument expires, or is sold, terminated, exercised or when the hedging relationship ceases to meet the qualifying criteria, if the forecast transaction is still expected to occur, the amount that has been accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve shall remain in the cash flow hedge reserve until the forecast transaction occurs; if the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the amount shall be immediately reclassified from the cash flow hedge reserve to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

#### (25) Employee benefits

#### A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

#### B. Pensions

Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

#### C. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are employee benefits provided in exchange for the termination of employment as a result from either the Group's decision to terminate an employee's employment before the normal retirement date, or an employee's decision to accept an offer of redundancy benefits in exchange for the termination of employment.

D. Employees' compensation, directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognized as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

#### (26) Income tax

A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.

- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Group operates and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. The interim period income tax expense is recognized based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- F. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognizes the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognized in profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

#### (27) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. The classification of preferred shares is determined according to the special rights attached to the preferred shares based on the substance of the contract and the definition of financial liabilities and equity instruments. Preferred shares are classified as liabilities when they have the fundamental characteristic of financial liabilities; otherwise, they are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### (28) Dividends

Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Board of Directors; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders.

#### (29) Revenue recognition

#### A. Sales of goods

Revenue from sales of goods comes from sales of operating assets held for rental to others. Sales are recognized when control of the products has transferred. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

#### B. Interest income

The Group accrues interest income from installment sales. No gross profit is recognized from transactions. The accounting treatment is to recognize future proceeds from loans receivable and not to recognize sales revenue and cost of sales when transactions occur. When the amount of installment payment exceeds the price of cash sale, the difference is recognized as unrealized interest income and listed as a deduction to installment notes and accounts receivable, which interest is recognized using interest method annually over the installment period.

#### C. Rental revenue

Based on the terms of a lease contract, a lease is classified as a finance lease if the lessee assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of the leased asset. Otherwise a lease is classified as an operating lease. The lessor records the payments arising from the finance lease as 'lease receivables'.

The lessor allocates finance income in each accounting period to reflect a constant periodic rate of return during each period. Lease income from an operating lease is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### D. Service revenue

The Group has an agreement with the financial institutions in relation to providing referral services of car loans. The Group facilitates the promotion of car loans and provides services of account management while the financial institutions compensate the Group when they receive the repayments from clients. The compensation is recognized as revenue on an accrual basis monthly.

The debt is transferred from the loan borrowers to the Group once the borrowers default on loans. The Group pursues the defaulting borrowers for outstanding payments. Please refer to Note 4(23) for the information of financial guarantee contracts.

#### E. Electricity sales revenue

The Group operates solar power plants, generates electricity and transmits it to Taiwan Power Company through transmission lines. Sales revenue, which is measured at an agreed upon amount under the contract, is recognized when the goods are delivered, the amount can be estimated reliably, and it is probably bring in the future economic benefit.

#### (30) Business combinations

- A. The Group uses the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred or assumed and equity instruments issued at the acquisition date, plus the fair value of any assets and liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. All acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. For each business combination, the Group measures at the acquisition date components of non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to the proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation at either fair value or the present ownership instruments' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests should be measured at the acquisition-date fair value.
- B. The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill at the acquisition date. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest in the acquiree recognised and the fair value of previously held equity interest in the acquiree is less than the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

#### (31) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

## 5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION</u> UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates which may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

## (1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

#### (2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of allowance for doubtful accounts

For the Group, the impairment allowance for notes and accounts receivable is provided for based on the probability of impairment depending on the length of overdue days and considering forward-looking factors such as the future economic conditions. The provision for allowance for impairment of accounts receivable is recognized individually when the accounts receivable becomes past due and deemed unrecoverable by assessing the customer's financial status or payment history. The valuation of provision is a reasonable prediction of the past events, current conditions, and the future economic conditions. Significant changes may occur when there are differences between actual results and estimation.

The carrying amount of notes and accounts receivable (including long-term notes and accounts receivable) is \$274,924,713 as of September 30, 2023.

#### 6. <u>DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS</u>

#### (1) Cash and cash equivalents

	Septe	mber 30, 2023	Dece	ember 31, 2022	Sept	ember 30, 2022
Cash on hand	\$	4,013	\$	3,966	\$	3,842
Checking accounts and demand deposits		5,443,800		2,356,739		1,510,264
Cash equivalents Time deposits		22,095		22,070		22,313
Short-term notes and bills		-		, -		648,646
	\$	5,469,908	\$	2,382,775	\$	2,185,065

The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

	(2)	<b>Financial</b>	assets at	fair	value	through	profit or	·loss
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Current items: Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value	September	30, 2023	Decemb	ber 31, 2022	Septen	nber 30, 2022
through profit or loss Beneficiary certificates	\$		\$	300,000	\$	
A. Amounts recognized in pr loss are listed below:	ofit or loss in re	elation to fi	nancial a	ssets at fair v	alue thro	ough profit or
			Thre	e months end	led Sent	ember 30
				2023	ied Septi	2022
Financial assets mandatoril	v measured at f	air			·	2022
value through profit or lo	•	ш				
Beneficiary certificates			\$	-	\$	-
•			Nine	e months end	ed Septe	mber 30,
				2023		2022
Financial assets mandatoril	ly measured at f	air				
value through profit or lo	SS					
Beneficiary certificates			\$	196	\$	322
B. The Group has no financia	al assets at fair v	alue throug	gh profit o	or loss pledge	ed to oth	ers.
C. Information relating to cre	dit risk of finan	cial assets a	t fair valı	ie through pro	ofit or lo	ss is provided
in Note 12(2).				<i>C</i> 1		1
(3) Hedging financial assets and 1	iabilities					
(a) 110 ging 111 and 1		ber 30, 202	3	Dece	mber 31	2022
	Current assets	Current li	-	Current asse		rent liabilities
Cash flow hedges:	Current assets	Current ii	<u>addinties</u>	Current asse	tis Cur	Tent naomities
Exchange rate risk and						
interest rate risk						
Cross-currency swaps	\$ 511,615	(\$ 1,3	301,539)	\$ 504,82	<u>27</u> ( <u>\$</u>	586,800)
			_	Sente	mber 30	2022
				Current asse		rent liabilities
Cash flow hedges:				<u>Carroni asso</u>	<u>cur</u>	Tent naomities
Exchange rate risk and						
interest rate risk						
Cross-currency swaps				\$ 232,49	01 (\$	1,028,549)

A. Hedge accounting is applied to remove the accounting inconsistency between the hedging instrument and the hedged item. As the Group's USD, JPY and EUR denominated loans are exposed to the impact of variable exchange rate and interest rates, the Group uses cross-currency swap to control the exchange rate risk and interest rates under their acceptable range.

#### B. Transaction information associated with the Group adopting hedge accounting is as follows:

		Sep	tember 30, 2023	_		Nine mo	onths ended Sep	otember 30, 2023
Hedging instruments Cash flow hedges:	Notional amount (in thousand dollars)	Contract period	Assets carrying amount	Liabilities carrying amount	Changes in fair value in relation to recognizing hedge ineffectiveness basis	Average exchange rates	Average interest rate	Gains (losses) on valuation of ineffective hedge that will be recognized in financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
Exchange rate risk								
Interest rate risk  Cross-currency swaps transactions	USD 67,550	2022/1/12~ 2025/1/13	\$ 249,626	\$ -	\$ -	6.33~6.55	4.11~5.30	\$ -
	USD 30,000	2023/9/7~	11,896	-	-	31.97	1.85	-
	JPY 58,800,000	2024/9/6 2021/9/30 ~2025/5/2	-	( 1,301,539)	-	0.23~0.25	0.83~2.24	-
	EUR 75,000	2022/9/12~ 2024/9/12	250,093	-	-	30.60	2.04	-
		Dec	ember 31, 2022			Yea	r ended Decem	ber 31, 2022
	Notional amount		Assets	Liabilities	Changes in fair value in relation to recognizing hedge	Average	Average	Gains (losses) on valuation of ineffective hedge that will be recognized in financial assets/liabilities at
Hedging	(in thousand	Contract	carrying	carrying	ineffectiveness	exchange	interest	fair value through
instruments	dollars)	period	amount	amount	basis	rates	rate	profit or loss
Cash flow hedges:								
Exchange rate risk								
Interest rate risk								
Cross-currency swaps transactions	USD 69,050	2022/1/12~ 2025/1/13	\$ 162,926	\$ -	\$ -	6.33~6.55	4.108~5.30	\$ -
	JPY 58,800,000	2020/8/5~ 2024/9/9	182,211	( 586,800)	-	0.23~0.28	0.83~2.24	-
	EUR 75,000	2022/9/12~ 2024/9/12	159,690	-	-	30.60	2.04	-
			tember 30, 2022			Nine mo	onths ended Sep	otember 30, 2022
Hedging instruments Cash flow hedges: Exchange rate risk	Notional amount (in thousand dollars)	Contract period	Assets carrying amount	Liabilities carrying amount	Changes in fair value in relation to recognizing hedge ineffectiveness basis	Average exchange rates	Average interest rate	Gains (losses) on valuation of ineffective hedge that will be recognized in financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
Interest rate risk Cross-currency swaps transactions	USD 69,050	2022/1/12~ 2025/1/13	\$ 191,809	\$ -	\$ -	6.33~6.55	4.108~5.30	\$ -
aansacuuns	JPY 33,800,000	2020/8/5~	-	( 1,028,549)	-	0.25~0.28	0.83~1.08	-
	EUR 75,000	2024/9/9 2022/9/12~ 2024/9/12	40,682	-	-	30.6	2.04	-

		September 30, 2023				
Hedged items	ca	Liabilities arrying amount	carrying	on on liabilities' amount due to alue hedges		
Cash flow hedges:						
Exchange rate risk and interest rate risk						
Long-term and short-term loans	\$	19,228,091	( <u>\$</u>	861,660)		
		Decembe	er 31, 2022			
				on on liabilities'		
		Liabilities		amount due to		
Hedged items	Ca	arrying amount		alue hedges		
Cash flow hedges:						
Exchange rate risk and interest rate risk						
Long-term and short-term loans	\$	18,495,220	(\$	282,796)		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	`	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		Septembe	er 30, 2022			
			Valuatio	on on liabilities'		
		Liabilities	carrying	amount due to		
Hedged items	c	arrying amount	fair v	alue hedges		
Cash flow hedges:						
Exchange rate risk and interest rate risk						
Short-term loans	\$	12,891,576	(\$	957,115)		
C. Cash flow hedges						
<u> </u>			ine months			
		Se	ptember 30	0, 2023		
Other equity - cash flow hedge reserve						
At January 1		\$		156,657		
Less: Losses on hedge effectiveness-amount	recogniz	zed		0.5.450		
in other comprehensive income		(		96,453)		
Less: Reclassified to profit or loss as the hed	lged iten	1				
has affected the profit and loss		(		32,607)		
Add: Income tax relating to the hedge effect						
amount recognized in other comprehe	ensive			31,077		
income		•				
At September 30		\$		58,674		

		e months ended ember 30, 2022
Other equity - cash flow hedge reserve		
At January 1	(\$	52,476)
Add: Gains on hedge effectiveness-amount recognized		
in other comprehensive income		272,428
Less: Reclassified to profit or loss as the hedged item		
has affected the profit and loss	(	45,559)
Less: Income tax relating to the hedge effectiveness-		
amount recognized in other comprehensive		
income	(	52,237)
At September 30	\$	122,156

To hedge exposed exchange rate risk and interest rate risk arising from loans, the Group entered into a cross-currency swap agreement. The effective portion with respect to the changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments is deferred to recognize in the cash flow hedge reserve, which is under other comprehensive income, and will be directly included in the exchange gains (loss) on foreign currency and finance costs when the hedged items are subsequently paid the principal or interest.

#### (4) Notes and accounts receivable, net (including long-term notes and accounts receivable)

	Sep	tember 30, 2023	D	ecember 31, 2022	Se	eptember 30, 2022
Installment notes receivable	\$	11,589,137	\$	9,279,605	\$	9,048,717
Installment accounts receivable		275,953,533		234,175,684		217,185,191
Accounts receivable		53,698		10,136		2,269
Lease payments and notes						
receivable		32,118,854		27,491,636		25,987,551
		319,715,222		270,957,061		252,223,728
Less: Unrealized interest revenue	(	36,341,455)	(	28,830,021)	(	25,822,150)
Unearned finance income	(	3,189,021)	(	2,685,321)	(	2,540,708)
Allowance for doubtful						
accounts	(	5,260,033)	(	4,708,884)	(	4,399,975)
Notes and accounts receivable, net	\$	274,924,713	\$	234,732,835	\$	219,460,895

As of September 30,2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, notes receivable pledged as collaterals for loans and commercial papers to banks amounted to \$11,684,978, \$9,419,216 and \$6,054,587, respectively. Please refer to Note 8 for the related information.

A. The ageing analysis of accounts and notes receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	Sep	eptember 30, 2023		ember 31, 2022	Sep	tember 30, 2022
Not past due	\$	316,478,074	\$	268,604,715	\$	250,116,189
31 to 60 days		1,205,697		794,048		657,336
61 to 90 days		644,841		458,572		417,276
91 to 120 days		547,843		303,456		274,057
121 to 150 days		423,239		305,658		239,654
Over 151 days		415,528		490,612		519,216
	\$	319,715,222	\$	270,957,061	\$	252,223,728

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

B. The expected recovery of the Group's installment notes and accounts receivable is as follows:

Sept		eptember 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		September 30, 2022	
Not later than one year	\$	93,099,872	\$	80,152,869	\$	75,915,968	
Over 1 year		194,442,798		163,302,420		150,317,940	
	\$	287,542,670	\$	243,455,289	\$	226,233,908	

- C. Lease payments receivable Please refer to Note 6(9).
- D. Information relating to credit risk of accounts receivable and notes receivable is provided in Note 12(2).

#### (5) <u>Prepayments</u>

	September 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		September 30, 2022	
Prepayments	\$	3,394,180	\$	3,205,965	\$	3,052,492
Prepaid commission		2,807,903		2,879,378		2,847,968
Prpaid insurance premiums		208,782		178,600		169,686
Others		806,617		622,227		480,826
	\$	7,217,482	\$	6,886,170	\$	6,550,972

#### (6) Investments accounted for using equity method

	September 30, 2023		December 31, 2022		September 30, 2022	
Hotai Mobility Service Co., Ltd.	\$	80,457	\$	91,148	\$	95,680
Zheng-Ren Energy Co., Ltd.		74,108		24,354		350
Gochabar Co., Ltd.		30,960		-		-
Heng Fong Energy Co., Ltd.		406,152				
	\$	591,677	\$	115,502	\$	96,030

A. The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarized below:

As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$591,677, \$115,502 and \$96,030, respectively.

	Three months ended September 30,				
		2023	2022		
Comprehensive loss for the period	(\$	9,615) (\$	1,901)		
	Nine months ended September 30,				
		2023	2022		
Comprehensive loss for the period	(\$	24,705) (\$	7,468)		

- B. The Group's investments have no quoted market price. The share of profit or loss of investments accounted for using the equity method amounted to (\$9,615), (\$1,901), (\$24,705) and (\$7,468) for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and were recognized based on the financial statements that were not reviewed by other independent auditors.
- C. In February 2023, the Group participated in a cash capital increase of Zheng-Ren Energy Co., Ltd. amounting to \$54,880 based on its 35% shareholding ratio. The shareholding ratio remained unchanged.
- D. In January 2023, the Group invested in the establishment of Gochabar Co., Ltd. with an investment of \$36,000 and a shareholding ratio of 30%.
- E. In January 2023, the Group participated in a cash capital increase of Heng Fong Energy Co., Ltd. amounting to \$410,000 and a shareholding ratio of 20%.
- F. In July 2022, the subsidiary, He Jun Energy Co., Ltd. acquired 35% of the shareholding of Zheng-Ren Energy Co., Ltd. amounting to \$350. Also in November 2022, the Group participated in a cash capital increase of \$31,500 in proportion to its shareholding. The shareholding ratio remained unchanged. Although the Group is the single largest shareholder of Zheng-Ren Energy Co., Ltd., the combined shareholdings of the other two major shareholders (not related parties) exceed the Group's shareholdings, which indicates that the Group has no real ability to direct the relevant activities and therefore judged that it does not have control over the company and only has significant influence over it.

### (7) Property, plant and equipment

1	Λ	1	2
Z	u	Z	.)

	Furniture and fixtures														
					(includ	ing	office equip	oment)		Trans	sportation equi	ipment			
		Bui	ildings and		Owner-				(	Owner-			L	easehold	
	Land	S	tructures	_ (	occupied	Le	ase (Note)	Subtotal	O	ccupied	Lease (Note)	Subtotal	imp	rovements	Total
At January 1															
Cost	\$ 947,458	\$	267,998	\$	691,942	\$	438,116	\$ 1,130,058	\$ 1	142,887	\$ 7,129,629	\$ 7,272,516	\$	110,624	\$ 9,728,654
Accumulated depreciation and															
impairment		(	17,274)	(	83,248)	(	262,657)	( 345,905)	(	82,136)	(_2,331,015)	(_2,413,151)	(	65,520)	(2,841,850)
	\$ 947,458	\$	250,724	\$	608,694	\$	175,459	\$ 784,153	\$	60,751	\$ 4,798,614	\$ 4,859,365	\$	45,104	\$ 6,886,804
Opening net book amount as at															
January 1	\$ 947,458	\$	250,724	\$	608,694	\$	175,459	\$ 784,153	\$	60,751	\$ 4,798,614	\$ 4,859,365	\$	45,104	\$ 6,886,804
Additions	-		-		712,568		64,529	777,097		32,861	1,470,120	1,502,981		29,774	2,309,852
Acquired from business combinations	-		-		825,077		-	825,077		-	-	-		-	825,077
Disposal	-		-	(	246)		-	( 246)	(	3,653)	( 6,344)	( 9,997)		- (	(10,243)
Reclassifications	-		-		-	(	5,948)	( 5,948)		-	( 496,956)	( 496,956)		- (	(502,904)
Transfers from prepayments for					116701			116 701			(2.069	(2.069			170.050
business facilities	-	,	4.040)	,	116,791	,	- 01.720)	116,791	,	10.024)	62,068	62,068	,	15 227)	178,859
Depreciation	-	(	4,949)	(	62,631)	(	81,720) 1,294	, ,	(	18,024)	( 804,878)	( 822,902)	(	15,327)	
Gain on reversal of impairment loss Net exchange differences	-		-		- 17		1,294	1,294 17		112	992	1,104		29	1,294 1,150
Closing net book amount as at			_				-								
September 30	\$ 947,458	\$	245,775	\$	2,200,270	\$	153,614	\$ 2,353,884	\$	72,047	\$ 5,023,616	\$ 5,095,663	\$	59,580	\$ 8,702,360
At September 30															
Cost	\$ 947,458	\$	267,998	\$	2,532,054	\$	354,910	\$ 2,886,964	\$ .	167,091	\$ 7,619,345	\$ 7,786,436	\$	141,511	\$12,030,367
Accumulated depreciation and															
impairment		(	22,223)	(	331,784)	(	201,296)	(533,080)	(	95,044)	(_2,595,729)	(_2,690,773)	(	81,931)	(3,328,007)
	\$ 947,458	\$	245,775	\$	2,200,270	\$	153,614	\$ 2,353,884	\$	72,047	\$ 5,023,616	\$ 5,095,663	\$	59,580	\$ 8,702,360

Note: The assets are assets for lease purposes offered by the Company and the subsidiary. When the leased assets are available to be sold instead of leasing to others, the carrying amounts are recorded as inventories. When they are sold, the payments arising from the sales and related costs are reclassified as sales revenue and cost of sales.

2022

	Furniture and fixtures														
					(includ	ing	office equip	ome	ent)	Tran	sportation equ	ipment			
		Bu	ildings and		Owner-					Owner-			Le	easehold	
	Land	S	tructures		occupied	Le	ease (Note)		Subtotal	occupied	Lease (Note)	Subtotal	impi	rovements	Total
At January 1															
Cost	\$ 701,309	\$	255,265	\$	126,582	\$	629,360	\$	755,942	\$ 122,724	\$ 6,295,801	\$ 6,418,525	\$	93,903	\$ 8,224,944
Accumulated depreciation and		,	22.020	,	<b>60</b> 04 <b>5</b> )	,	27.4.202	,	445 400	( (1000)	( 1 504 710)	( 4.750.504)	,	10.500	2.240.250
impairment		(	22,920)	(	62,817)	(	354,292)	(	417,109)	( <u>64,986</u> )	(1,694,518)	<u> </u>	(	48,736) (	2,248,269)
	\$ 701,309	\$	232,345	\$	63,765	\$	275,068	\$	338,833	\$ 57,738	\$ 4,601,283	\$ 4,659,021	\$	45,167	\$ 5,976,675
Opening net book amount as at															
January 1	\$ 701,309	\$	232,345	\$	63,765	\$	275,068	\$	338,833	\$ 57,738	\$ 4,601,283	\$ 4,659,021	\$	45,167	\$ 5,976,675
Additions	477,772		60,289		131,758		58,188		189,946	24,482	1,193,355	1,217,837		11,016	1,956,860
Disposal	-		_	(	354)		-	(	354)	( 1,919)	-	( 1,919)		- (	2,273)
Reclassifications	( 231,623)	(	55,302)		-	(	5,185)	(	5,185)	-	( 239,230)	( 239,230)		- (	531,340)
Depreciation	-	(	4,113)	(	12,970)	(	126,220)	(	139,190)	( 19,147)	( 796,243)	( 815,390)	(	11,978) (	970,671)
Gain on reversal of impairment loss	-		=		-		3,035		3,035	-	-	-		-	3,035
Net exchange differences					136		<u>-</u>	_	136	1,596	26,067	27,663		195	27,994
Closing net book amount as at															
September 30	\$ 947,458	\$	233,219	\$	182,335	\$	204,886	\$	387,221	\$ 62,750	\$ 4,785,232	\$ 4,847,982	\$	44,400	\$ 6,460,280
At September 30															
Cost	\$ 947,458	\$	248,876	\$	257,263	\$	555,445	\$	812,708	\$ 143,687	\$ 6,924,774	\$ 7,068,461	\$	105,564	\$ 9,183,067
Accumulated depreciation and	7 7,	Ŷ	0,0 . 0	Ψ		Ψ	200,	Ψ	31 <b>2</b> ,.00	+ 1.0,007	÷ 0,> = .,. / .	- 1,000,101	Ψ	- 50,00.	,100,007
impairment		(	15,657)	(	74,928)	(	350,559)	(	425,487)	(80,937)	(_2,139,542)	(_2,220,479)	(	61,164) (	2,722,787)
	\$ 947,458	\$	233,219	\$	182,335	\$	204,886	\$	387,221	\$ 62,750	\$ 4,785,232	\$ 4,847,982	\$	44,400	\$ 6,460,280

Note: The assets are assets for lease purposes offered by the Company and the subsidiary. When the leased assets are available to be sold instead of leasing to others, the carrying amounts are recorded as inventories. When they are sold, the payments arising from the sales and related costs are reclassified as sales revenue and cost of sales.

### (8) Lease transactions - lessee

- A. The Group leases various assets including buildings, equipment and parking spaces. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 to 10 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

Land Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment		aber 30, 2023 ring amount 60,593 408,483 1,370 470,446		r 31, 2022 g amount 25,299 340,974 2,191 368,464		er 30, 2022 ng amount 306 332,255 2,466 335,027	
		Three	months end	ded Septem	ber 30		
		2023			2022		
	D	epreciation ch	arge	Dep	reciation o	harge	
Land	\$	_	948	\$		24	
Buildings and structures			37,843			36,424	
Machinery and equipment			274	-		274	
	\$		39,065	\$ 36,722			
		Nine 1	months end	led Septem	ber 30		
		2023			2022		
	D	epreciation ch	arge	Dep	reciation o	harge	
Land	\$		1,908	\$		71	
Buildings and structures			104,049			110,702	
Machinery and equipment			822			822	
	\$		106,779	\$		111,595	

- C. For the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$56,903, \$47,701, \$214,526, and \$111,817, respectively.
- D. The information on profit or loss in relation to lease contracts is as follows:

	Thr	ee months end	led Se	eptember 30,
		2023		2022
Items affecting profit or loss				
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	2,042	\$	987
Expense on short-term lease contracts and leases of				
low-value assets		7,833		12,564
Profit from lease modification		10		-
Expense on variable lease payments		4,403		440

	Nine months ended September 30,						
		2023		2022			
Items affecting profit or loss							
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	4,766	\$	3,025			
Expense on short-term lease contracts and leases of							
low-value assets		21,449		33,526			
Profit from lease modification		48		758			
Expense on variable lease payments		7,135		1,146			

E. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$142,088 and \$149,524, respectively.

### (9) <u>Leasing arrangements - lessor</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including machinery and equipment, vehicles and multifunction printers. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 1 and 6 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.
- B. The Group leases machinery and equipment and vehicles under a finance lease. Based on the terms of the lease contract, the ownership of the assets will be transferred to lessees when the leases expire. Information on profit or loss in relation to lease contracts is as follows:

	T	hree months end	ded September 30,		
		2023		2022	
Finance income from the net investment in the					
finance lease	\$	855,019	\$	697,108	
	N	Vine months end	ed Sep	otember 30,	
		2023		2022	
Finance income from the net investment in the					
finance lease	\$	2,444,022	\$	1,987,297	

C. The maturity analysis of the undiscounted lease payments in the finance lease is as follows:

	Sept	<u>September 30, 2023</u>		ember 31, 2022	<u>September 30, 2022</u>		
Next 1 year	\$	21,509,197	\$	18,589,016	\$	17,657,168	
Next 2 years		7,887,113		7,044,578		6,753,932	
Next 3 years		1,879,860		1,476,779		1,359,184	
Next 4 years		480,517		175,853		96,798	
Next 5 years		180,636		119,922		67,466	
Next 6 years		21,776		7,537			
	\$	31,959,099	\$	27,413,685	\$	25,934,548	

D. Reconciliation of the undiscounted lease payments and the net investment in the finance lease is provided as follows:

	Septe	ember 30, 2023	De	ecember 31, 2022	Se	ptember 30, 2022
Undiscounted lease payments	\$	31,959,099	\$	27,413,685	\$	25,934,548
Unearned finance income	(	3,189,021)	(	2,685,321)	(	2,540,708)
Net investment in the lease	\$	28,770,078	\$	24,728,364	\$	23,393,840

- E. For the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Group recognized rent income in the amounts of \$1,239,272, \$1,173,768, \$3,658,560 and \$3,194,931, respectively, based on the operating lease agreement, which does not include variable lease payments.
- F. The maturity analysis of the lease payments under the operating leases is as follows:

	Septen	<u>September 30, 2023</u> <u>D</u>		nber 31, 2022	Septer	mber 30, 2022
Next 1 year	\$	493,484	\$	566,590	\$	571,594
Next 2 years		148,446		188,105		214,833
Next 3 years		49,598		64,911		72,471
Next 4 years		10,530		16,625		18,076
Next 5 years		2,240		3,845		6,278
Next 6 years		540				
	\$	704,838	\$	840,076	\$	883,252

### (10) Investment property

	2023									
		Land	Building	s and structures		Total				
At January 1 Cost	\$	231,623	\$	66,678	\$	298,301				
Accumulated depreciation	φ 	231,023	ф (	13,535)	پ (	13,535)				
	\$	231,623	\$	53,143	\$	284,766				
At January 1	\$	231,623	\$	53,143	\$	284,766				
Depreication charge			(	1,619)	(	1,619)				
At September 30	\$	231,623	\$	51,524	\$	283,147				
At September 30										
Cost	\$	231,623	\$	66,678	\$	298,301				
Accumulated depreciation		-	(	15,154)	(	15,154)				
	\$	231,623	\$	51,524	\$	283,147				

			2022		
	 Land	Buildings	s and structures		Total
At January 1	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Reclassification	231,623		55,302		286,925
Depreciation charge	 _	(	1,620)	(	1,620)
At September 30	\$ 231,623	\$	53,682	\$	285,305
At September 30					
Cost	\$ 231,623	\$	66,678	\$	298,301
Accumulated depreciation	 _	(	12,996)	(	12,996)
	\$ 231,623	\$	53,682	\$	285,305

A. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	Three months ended September 30,					
		2023		2022		
Rental income from investment property	\$	1,812	\$	984		
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental income during the period (including						
depreciation expense)	\$	540	\$	540		
	N	ine months end	ed Sept	ember 30,		
		2023		2022		
Rental income from investment property	\$	5,436	\$	2,951		
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment property that generated rental income during the period (including						
depreciation expense)	\$	1,906	\$	1,910		

B. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group was \$318,447, \$323,664 and \$300,665 as at September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, respectively.

### (11) Intangible assets

	Goodwill	Purchase agreements	Total
Opening net book amount as at January 1 Additions—acquired through business	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
combinations	225,327	217,530	442,857
Amortisation charge	<u> </u>	(3,399)	(3,399)
Closing net book amount as at September 30	\$ 225,327	\$ 214,131	\$439,458
At September 30			
Cost	\$ 225,327	\$ 217,530	\$ 442,857
Accumulated amortisation and impairment		(3,399)	(3,399)
	\$ 225,327	\$ 214,131	<u>\$439,458</u>

Details of amortisation on intangible assets are as follows:

	N	Nine months ended September 30,							
		2023	2022						
Operating costs	\$	3,399 \$		_					
(12) Short-term loans									

	September 30, 2023		De	December 31, 2022		otember 30, 2022
Type of loans						
Bank loans						
Credit loans	\$	51,126,990	\$	51,385,627	\$	66,157,662
Pledged loans		6,067,904		7,500,000		8,600,000
Mid-term syndicated loans						
for working capital		39,013,944		25,047,716		11,043,216
	\$	96,208,838	\$	83,933,343	\$	85,800,878
Interest rates		0.57%~6.33%		0.55%~5.59%		0.56%~4.75%

As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, the descriptions of borrowings are as follows:

- A. The Group uses cross currency swap agreement to control the exchange rate risk and interest rate risk. After the cross currency swap, the rate range of short-term loans were 0.83%~4.40%, 0.83%~4.60% and 0.75%~4.75%, respectively.
- B. The subsidiary, He Jing Co., Ltd., has entered into a mid-term syndicated contract for a credit line of \$10,000,000 with 12 financial institutions including Mega International Commercial Bank, Ltd. in order to fulfil its working capital. The duration is 36 months (from July 12, 2023 to July 12, 2026), the loan can be drawn several times and is revolving. The payment term is to repay the full drawn amount at the maturity date.

- C. The Company has entered into a mid-term syndicated contract for a credit line of \$14,000,000 with 13 financial institutions including Bank of Taiwan, in order to fulfil its working capital. The duration is 36 months (from February 24, 2023 to February 24, 2026). The loan can be drawn several times. Of the total loan, \$6,025,000 is non-revolving and the payment term is to repay the drawn amounts in installments at the maturity date. The remaining amount of \$7,975,000 is revolving and the payment term is to repay the full drawn amount at the maturity date.
- D. The Company has entered into a mid-term syndicated contract for a credit line of JPY 25 billion with 9 financial institutions including Mizuho Bank, Ltd., in order to fulfil its working capital. The duration is 12 months (from December 6, 2022 to December 6, 2023). The loan can be drawn several times but is non-revolving. The payment term is to repay the full drawn amount at the maturity date.
- E. The subsidiary, Hoyun International Leasing Co., Ltd., has entered into a mid-term syndicated contract for a credit line of RMB 980 million with 12 financial institutions including Mizuho Bank, Ltd. in order to fulfil its working capital. Within six months from the contract signing date (from July 26, 2022 to January 26, 2023), the loan can be drawn several times but is non-revolving. Each borrowing period is 36 months. The payment term is to repay the drawn amounts in installments within the contract period.
- F. The Company has entered into a mid-term syndicated contract for a credit line of \$15,000,000 with 18 financial institutions including CTBC Bank Ltd., in order to fulfil its working capital. The duration is 36 months (from June 29, 2022 to June 27, 2025). The loan can be drawn several times. Of the total loan, \$7,056,600 is non-revolving and the payment term is to repay the drawn amounts in installments within the contract period. The remaining amount of \$7,943,400 is revolving and the payment term is to repay the full drawn amount at the maturity date.
- G. The Company has entered into a mid-term syndicated contract for a credit line of JPY 30 billion with 19 financial institutions including Mizuho Bank, in order to fulfil its working capital. The duration is 36 months (from September 9, 2021 to September 9, 2024). The loan can be drawn several times but is non-revolving. The loan can be drawn several times but is non-revolving. The payment term is to repay the full drawn amount at the maturity date.
- H. The subsidiary, Hoyun International Leasing Co., Ltd., has entered into a mid-term syndicated contract for a credit line of RMB 500 million with 6 financial institutions including CTBC Bank Ltd., in order to fulfil its working capital. The duration is 36 months (from March 31, 2021 to March 29, 2024). The loan can be drawn several times but is non-revolving. The payment term is to repay the drawn amounts in installments within the contract period.
- I. For the abovementioned syndicated loans and partial loans from other financial institutions during the contract periods, the Group is required to maintain specific current ratio, owner's capital ratio, interest coverage ratio, net value, net tangible assets, debt to equity ratio, equity to assets ratio, net tangible assets to assets ratio and non-performing loan ratio.

#### (13) Short-term notes and bill payable

	Sept	ember 30, 2023	Dec	cember 31, 2022	Sep	tember 30, 2022
Commercial paper payable	\$	126,681,400	\$	105,113,400	\$	87,933,400
Less: Unamortized discount	(	124,525)	(	126,804)	(	125,687)
	\$	126,556,875	\$	104,986,596	\$	87,807,713
Interest rates		0.66%~2.63%		0.66%~1.99%		0.48%~1.88%
(14) Bond payable						
	Sept	ember 30, 2023	De	cember 31, 2022	Sep	otember 30, 2022
Bonds payable	\$	26,200,000	\$	22,200,000	\$	22,200,000

Information on the Company's issuance of bonds as approved by the regulatory authority is summarized below:

- A. The Company issued \$4,000,000, 1.50% first unsecured ordinary bonds in 2023. The bonds mature 5 years from the issue date (March 28, 2023 ~ March 28, 2028) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date.
- B. The Company issued \$7,000,000, 1.50% second secured ordinary bonds in 2022. The bonds mature 3 years from the issue date (June 6, 2022 ~ June 6, 2025) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date.
- C. The Company issued \$3,000,000, 0.57% first secured ordinary bonds in 2022. The bonds mature 3 years from the issue date (January 13, 2022 ~ January 13, 2025) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date.
- D. The Company issued \$3,000,000, 0.56% second unsecured ordinary bonds in 2021. The bonds mature 5 years from the issue date (July 22, 2021 ~ July 22, 2026) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date.
- E. The Company issued \$2,200,000, 0.55% first unsecured ordinary bonds in 2021. The bonds mature 5 years from the issue date (April 15, 2021 ~ April 15, 2026) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date.
- F. The Company issued \$7,000,000, 0.70% first unsecured ordinary bonds in 2020. The bonds mature 5 years from the issue date (April 22, 2020 ~ April 22, 2025) and will be redeemed in cash at face value at the maturity date.

### (15) Long-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	Borrowing period and repayment term	Interest rate range	Septeml	per 30, 2023	December 3	31, 2022	September	r 30, 2022
Long-term bank borrowings								
Secured borrowings (Note)	Borrowing period is from June 2017 to May 2038; interest is repayable monthly, repayment of principal	2.18% ~2.95%	\$	1,266,917	\$	-	\$	-
	Borrowing period is from June 2022 to August 2029; interest is repayable monthly, repayment of principal	1.96% ~2.67%		_	1	15,165		-
Unsecured borrowings	USD 4,800 thousand; borrowing period is from October 2021 to October 2024; interest is repayable quarterly	1.20% ~1.51%		152,145	1	47,558		152,079
				1,419,062		262,723		152,079
Less: Long-tern	n liabilities, current por	tion	(	424,947)	(	7,891)		<u>-</u>
			\$	994,115	\$ 2	254,832	\$	152,079

Note: For details of collateral information, please refer Note 8.

- A. The Group uses cross currency swap agreements to control the exchange rate risk and interest rate risk. After the cross currency swap, the rate range of long-term loans as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, were 2.18%~5.30%, 1.96%~5.30% and 5.30%, respectively.
- B. As of September 30, 2023, the maturities of long-term borrowings are as follows:

<u>Duration of maturity</u>	Septer	mber 30, 2023	Decen	ber 31, 2022	Septer	mber 30, 2022
Up to 1 year	\$	424,947	\$	7,891	\$	-
1 to 2 years		334,546		155,449		-
Over 2 years		659,569		99,383		152,079
•	\$	1,419,062	\$	262,723	\$	152,079

#### (16) Guarantee deposits received

	Septe	mber 30, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Septe	ember 30, 2022
Current	\$	4,455,111	\$	4,275,142	\$	4,017,971
Non-current		263,360		224,064		254,856
	\$	4,718,471	\$	4,499,206	\$	4,272,827

It mainly refers to the guarantee deposits from vehicles and equipment leasing.

#### (17) Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

- A. Effective July 1, 2005, the Group has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Group contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- B. The Company's mainland China subsidiary, Hoyun International Leasing Co., Ltd., has a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the pension regulations in the People's Republic of China (PRC) are based on certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. The average contribution percentage for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 was both 15%. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
- C. The pension costs under defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 were \$39,936, \$32,679, \$114,539, and \$91,466, respectively.

#### (18) Share capital

- A. As of September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company's authorized capital were \$10,000,000, consisting of 1,000,000 thousand shares of ordinary stock. The Company's issued and outstanding capital stock amounted to 666,500 and 565,000 thousand shares, with par value of NT\$10 per share, respectively. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.
- B. On May 31, 2023, the Company, through a resolution of the shareholders' meeting, decided to execute a capital increase for the issuance of new shares based on undistributed earnings of \$515,000. This involved issuing 51,500 thousand new shares with a par value of \$10 per share. The capital increase was approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission and became effective on July 21, 2023.

- C. On June 23, 2022, the Board of Directors resolved to increase the Company's capital in the amount of \$5,000,000 by issuing 50 million shares of Class A preference shares with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share issued at \$100 (in dollars) per share. The capital injection was approved by the FSC on August 10, 2022, and the effective date was set on September 21, 2022. The rights and obligations of these outstanding preference shares are as follows:
  - (a) Expiration date: The Company's Class A preference shares are perpetual but all or certain parts are callable at any time from the next day of five years after issuance at the actual issue price. The outstanding Class A preference shares sustained all the rights and obligations specified in the issuance terms. Dividends payable as of the redemption date shall be calculated based on the actual outstanding days if the Board of Directors resolved to distribute the current year's dividends.
  - (b) Dividends: Dividends are calculated at 4.2% per annum, consisting of five-year IRS rate of 1.1175% on pricing effective date (August 19, 2022) and specific markup of 3.0825%, based on the issue price per share. The five-year IRS rate will be reset on the next business day of five years since issuance and every subsequent five years and the pricing effective date for rate reset is two Taipei financial industry business days prior to the IRS rate reset date. The rate index, five-year IRS rate, is the arithmetic mean of five-year IRS rates appearing on Reuters pages "PYTWD01" and "COSMOS3" at 11:00 a.m. (Taipei time) on the relevant pricing effective date of rate reset. If such rate cannot be obtained, the Company will determine the rate based on the reasonable market price with good faith.
  - (c) Dividend distribution: Dividends are distributed once per year in the form of cash. The effective date for distributing previous year's distributable dividends will be set by the Board of Directors. Dividend distributions in the issuance and redemption years are calculated based on the actual outstanding days. The current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses, then the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve, and shall be set aside as special reserve as required by the regulations when necessary. The remainder, if any in the current year, can be distributed as dividends of Class A preference shares in first priority.
    - The Company has discretion in dividend distribution of Class A preference shares. The Company could choose not to distribute dividends of preferred shares, which would not lead to default if the Company has no or has insufficient current year's earnings for distribution. In addition, the amounts of undistributed dividends or insufficient distributed dividends will not become deferred payments in future years when the Company has earnings.
  - (d) Excess dividend distribution: Besides the aforementioned dividends, the shareholders of Class A preference shares could not participate in the distribution of cash and capitalised assets for common shares derived from earnings and capital surplus.

- (e) Residual property distribution: The shareholders of Class A preference shares have priority over shareholders of common stocks in distributing the Company's residual properties and have the same priority with other preferred shareholders of the Company, but behind the general creditor. In addition, the limit is the amount calculated by shares of outstanding preference shares issued and the issue price when distributing.
- (f) Right to vote and be elected: The shareholders of Class A preference shares have no right to vote and be elected in the shareholders' meeting of the Company but have the right to vote in the shareholders' meeting for shareholders of preference shares and shareholders' meeting regarding to rights and obligations of shareholders of preference shares.
- (g) Conversion to common shares: Class A preference shares could not be converted to common shares. The stockholders of Class A preference shares cannot request the Company to retire the stocks they hold.
- (h) The preemptive rights for shareholders of Class A preference shares are the same as of common shareholders when the Company increases its capital by issuing new shares.
- D. On May 4, 2023, the Board of Directors resolved to increase the Company's capital in the amount of \$5,000,000 by issuing 50 million shares of Class B preference shares with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share issued at \$100 (in dollars) per share. The capital injection was approved by the FSC on July 19, 2023, and the effective date was set on August 29, 2023. The rights and obligations of these outstanding preference shares are as follows:
  - (a) Expiration date: The Company's Class B preference shares are perpetual but all or certain parts are callable at any time from the next day of five years after issuance at the actual issue price. The outstanding Class B preference shares sustained all the rights and obligations specified in the issuance terms. Dividends payable as of the redemption date shall be calculated based on the actual outstanding days if the Board of Directors resolved to distribute the current year's dividends.
  - (b) Dividends: Dividends are calculated at 4.5% per annum, consisting of five-year IRS rate of 1.4325% on pricing effective date (July 28, 2023) and specific markup of 3.0675%, based on the issue price per share. The five-year IRS rate will be reset on the next business day of five years since issuance and every subsequent five years and the pricing effective date for rate reset is two Taipei financial industry business days prior to the IRS rate reset date. The rate index, five-year IRS rate, is the arithmetic mean of five-year IRS rates appearing on Reuters pages "PYTWD01" and "COSMOS3" at 11:00 a.m. (Taipei time) on the relevant pricing effective date of rate reset. If such rate cannot be obtained, the Company will determine the rate based on the reasonable market price with good faith.

(c) Dividend distribution: Dividends are distributed once per year in the form of cash. The effective date for distributing previous year's distributable dividends will be set by the Board of Directors. Dividend distributions in the issuance and redemption years are calculated based on the actual outstanding days. The current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses, then the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve, and shall be set aside as special reserve as required by the regulations when necessary. The remainder, if any in the current year, can be distributed as dividends of Class B preference shares in first priority.

The Company has discretion in dividend distribution of Class B preference shares. The Company could choose not to distribute dividends of preferred shares, which would not lead to default if the Company has no or has insufficient current year's earnings for distribution. In addition, the amounts of undistributed dividends or insufficient distributed dividends will not become deferred payments in future years when the Company has earnings.

- (d) Excess dividend distribution: Besides the aforementioned dividends, the shareholders of Class B preference shares could not participate in the distribution of cash and capitalised assets for common shares derived from earnings and capital surplus.
- (e) Residual property distribution: The shareholders of Class B preference shares have priority over shareholders of common stocks in distributing the Company's residual properties and have the same priority with other preferred shareholders of the Company, but behind the general creditor. In addition, the limit is the amount calculated by shares of outstanding preference shares issued and the issue price when distributing.
- (f) Right to vote and be elected: The shareholders of Class B preference shares have no right to vote and be elected in the shareholders' meeting of the Company but have the right to vote in the shareholders' meeting for shareholders of preference shares and shareholders' meeting regarding to rights and obligations of shareholders of preference shares.
- (g) Conversion to common shares: Class B preference shares could not be converted to common shares. The stockholders of Class B preference shares cannot request the Company to retire the stocks they hold.
- (h) The preemptive rights for shareholders of Class B preference shares are the same as of common shareholders when the Company increases its capital by issuing new shares.

#### (19) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

#### (20) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings, if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses, then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve, and shall be set aside as special reserve as required by the regulations when necessary and preferential distribution of special shares. The appropriation of the remaining earnings, if any, shall be proposed by the Board of Directors and voted on by the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting. The dividends to be distributed to the shareholders shall account for at least 50% of the remaining earnings, and cash dividends shall account for at least 10% of the total dividends distributed.
- B. The Board of Directors can distribute all or part of the distributable legal reserve, capital surplus, dividends or bonus in the form of cash as resolved by a majority vote at their meeting attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors and reported to the shareholders. The aforesaid requirement on obtaining resolution from the shareholders is not applicable.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the balance of the reserve exceeds 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. (a) In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings.
   When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.
  - (b) The amounts previously set aside by the Company as special reserve on initial application of IFRSs in accordance with Order No. Financial-Supervisory-Securities-Corporate-1010012865, dated April 6, 2012, shall be reversed proportionately when the relevant assets are used, disposed of or reclassified subsequently.

E. On May 31, 2023 and June 23, 2022, the shareholders resolved the distribution of earnings for the year of 2022 and 2021 as follows:

the year of 2022 and 2021 a		ended Decer	nber 3	81 2022	Vear en	ded Dece	mber 31, 20	721
	1001	chaca Decei		ridends	1 car cir	ded Dece	Dividend	
				r share			per shar	
	,	Amount	-	lollars)	Amo	ount	(in dollar	
Legal reserve	\$	362,339	(111 0			314,144	(11 00101	<u></u>
Special reserve	(	133,439)			Ψ	81,689		
Dividend on preferred stock		58,685	\$	1.17		-		
Cash dividend on common stock		1,802,501		3.50	2,	163,002	\$ 4.	.20
Stock dividend on common stock		515,000		1.00				
	\$	2,605,086			\$ 2,	558,835		
(21) Operating revenue								
				Three m	onths end	led Sente	mber 30	
				2023		ica septe.	2022	
Revenue from contracts with cus	stomers	2	\$		868,207	\$	552,3	30
Other operating revenue	oronner.	,	Ψ		000,207	Ψ	33 <b>2,</b> 3	.50
Interest income				4,	543,696		3,493,9	96
Revenue from operating lease	S			1,	236,239		1,170,7	'48
Revenue from finance leases					855 <u>,</u> 019		697,1	08
			\$	7,	503,161	\$	5,914,1	.82
				Nine m	onths end	ed Septer	nber 30,	
				2023			2022	
Revenue from contracts with cus Other operating revenue	stomers	S	\$	2,	157,255	\$	1,569,7	30
Interest income				12,	737,479		9,817,2	293
Revenue from operating lease	S			3,	649,409		3,187,3	31
Revenue from finance leases				2,	444,022		1,987,2	<u> 197</u>

20,988,165

16,561,651

## Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following geographical regions:

Three months ended September 30, 2023		Taiwan		China		Total
Total segment revenue	\$	798,712	\$	69,495	\$	868,207
Inter-segment revenue		_				
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$	798,712	\$	69,495	\$	868,207
Timing of revenue recognition		_				_
At a point in time	\$	662,433	\$	69,495	\$	731,928
Over time		136,279				136,279
	\$	798,712	\$	69,495	\$	868,207
Three months ended September 30, 2022		Taiwan		China		Total
Total segment revenue	\$	494,581	\$	57,749	\$	552,330
Inter-segment revenue		_				
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$	494,581	\$	57,749	\$	552,330
Timing of revenue recognition						
At a point in time	\$	421,066	\$	57,749	\$	478,815
Over time		73,515				73,515
	\$	494,581	\$	57,749	\$	552,330
Nine months ended September 30, 2023		Taiwan		China		Total
Total segment revenue	\$	1,979,723	\$	177,532	\$	2,157,255
T						
Inter-segment revenue						_
Revenue from external customer contracts	\$	1,979,723	\$	177,532	\$	2,157,255
	\$	1,979,723	\$	177,532	\$	2,157,255
Revenue from external customer contracts	<u>\$</u>	1,979,723 1,697,703	\$	177,532 177,532	<u>\$</u>	2,157,255 1,875,235
Revenue from external customer contracts Timing of revenue recognition	\$	1,697,703 282,020	\$		\$	1,875,235 282,020
Revenue from external customer contracts Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time		1,697,703				1,875,235
Revenue from external customer contracts Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time	\$	1,697,703 282,020	\$	177,532	\$	1,875,235 282,020
Revenue from external customer contracts Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time Over time	\$	1,697,703 282,020 1,979,723	\$	177,532 - 177,532	\$	1,875,235 282,020 2,157,255
Revenue from external customer contracts Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time Over time  Nine months ended September 30, 2023	\$	1,697,703 282,020 1,979,723 Taiwan	\$	177,532 - 177,532 China	\$	1,875,235 282,020 2,157,255 Total
Revenue from external customer contracts Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time Over time  Nine months ended September 30, 2023 Total segment revenue	\$	1,697,703 282,020 1,979,723 Taiwan	\$	177,532 - 177,532 China	\$	1,875,235 282,020 2,157,255 Total
Revenue from external customer contracts Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time Over time  Nine months ended September 30, 2023 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue	\$ \$ \$	1,697,703 282,020 1,979,723 Taiwan 1,418,613	\$ \$	177,532 - 177,532 China 151,117	\$ \$	1,875,235 282,020 2,157,255 Total 1,569,730
Revenue from external customer contracts Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time Over time  Nine months ended September 30, 2023 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external customer contracts	\$ \$ \$	1,697,703 282,020 1,979,723 Taiwan 1,418,613	\$ \$	177,532 - 177,532 China 151,117	\$ \$	1,875,235 282,020 2,157,255 Total 1,569,730
Revenue from external customer contracts Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time Over time  Nine months ended September 30, 2023 Total segment revenue Inter-segment revenue Revenue from external customer contracts Timing of revenue recognition	\$ \$ \$	1,697,703 282,020 1,979,723 Taiwan 1,418,613	\$ \$ \$	177,532 - 177,532 China 151,117 - 151,117	\$ \$ \$	1,875,235 282,020 2,157,255 Total 1,569,730

## (22) Operating costs

	Tì	hree months ended	d September 30,	
		2023	2022	
Interest costs	\$	1,207,768	709,762	
Rental costs		918,649	825,399	
Cost of sales		875,444	531,247	
Service costs		121,733	113,714	
Other costs		57,611	2,682	
	\$	3,181,205	\$ 2,182,804	
	N	line months ended	September 30,	
		2023	2022	
Interest costs	\$	3,239,768 \$	1,707,097	
Rental costs		2,650,189	2,348,815	
Cost of sales		2,383,934	1,356,453	
Service costs		327,703	352,601	
Other costs		89,339	6,245	
	\$	8,690,933	5,771,211	

### (23) Interest income

		Three months end	led Sej	otember 30,
		2023		2022
Interest income from bank deposits		4,398	\$	2,050
Interest income from short-term notes payable		305		2,361
Other interest income		37		28
	\$	4,740	\$	4,439
		Nine months end	ed Sep	tember 30,
		2023		2022
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	13,457	\$	8,538
Interest income from short-term notes payable		2,043		4,290
Other interest income		158		75
	\$	15,658	\$	12,903

# (24) Other income

	Three months ended September 30,						
	2023			2022			
Rental income	\$	3,033	\$	3,020			
Other income - others	126,415			146,963			
	\$	129,448	\$	149,983			
	Nine months ende			ember 30,			
		2023		2022			
Rental income	\$	9,151	\$	7,600			
Other income - others		256,343		388,477			
	\$	265,494	\$	396,077			

## (25) Other gains and losses

(23) Other gams and rosses		Three months on	dad Can	tambar 20
		Three months end	ieu sep	2022
Foreign exchange (losses) gains		231)		130
Gains on disposals of property, plant and	(	231)		130
equipment		2,030		284
Others	(	451)	(	2,936)
	\$	1,348	`	2,522)
		Nine months end	led Sept	
		2023		2022
Gains on financial assets at fair value through				
profit or loss	\$	196	\$	322
Foreign exchange losses	(	18,093)	(	3,567)
(Losses) gains on disposals of property, plant and				
equipment	(	1,774)		1,191
Others	(	3,362)	`	8,669)
	( <u>\$</u>	23,033)	( <u>\$</u>	10,723)
(26) <u>Finance costs</u>				
		Three months end	ded Sept	tember 30,
	-	2023		2022
Finance expense, others	\$	2,042	\$	987
•		Nine months end	ed Sept	ember 30,
		2023		2022
Finance expense, others	\$	4,766	\$	3,025
(27) Expenses by nature				
\ \ \ / \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		Three months end	dad Can	tambar 20
		2023	ieu sepi	2022
Employee benefit expense	\$	863,435	\$	616,989
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	\$	39,065	\$	36,722
Depreciation charges on property, plant and	Ψ	37,003	Ψ	30,722
equipment	\$	345,272	\$	326,901
Depreciation charges on investment property	\$	539	\$	540
		Nine months end	ed Sept	ember 30,
		2023		2022
Employee benefit expense	\$	2,548,015	\$	2,100,988
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets	\$	106,779	\$	111,595
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment	\$	987,529	\$	970,671
Depreciation charges on investment property	\$	1,619	\$	1,620
·				

### (28) Employee benefit expense

	Three months ended September 30,				
		2023		2022	
Wages and salaries	\$	702,953	\$	492,232	
Labor and health insurance fees		68,700		57,162	
Pension costs		39,936		32,679	
Directors' and supervisors' remuneration		1,114		3,901	
Other personnel expenses		50,732		31,015	
	\$	863,435	\$	616,989	
		Nine months end	ed Septe	ember 30,	
		2023		2022	
Wages and salaries	\$	2,099,447	\$	1,755,320	
Labor and health insurance fees		191,840		150,467	
Pension costs		114,539		91,466	
Directors' and supervisors' remuneration		4,295		6,974	
Directors' and supervisors' remuneration Other personnel expenses		4,295 137,894		6,974 <u>96,761</u>	

- A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a percentage of distributable profit of the current year, shall be distributed as employees' remuneration. The percentage shall be 1% for employees' remuneration. If a company has accumulated deficit, earnings should be channeled to cover losses. A company may, by a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of board of directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors, have the profit distributable as employees' remuneration distributed in the form of shares or in cash; and in addition thereto a report of such distribution shall be submitted to the shareholders' meeting.
- B. For the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, employees' remuneration were accrued at \$12,915, \$11,673, \$36,283 and \$34,595, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses.

The employees' remuneration was estimated and accrued based on 1% of distributable profit of current year for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

Employees' remuneration of 2022 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognized in salary expenses of 2022.

Information about employees' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors and shareholders' meeting will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

### (29) Income tax

### A. Income tax expense

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	Three months ended September 30,				
		2023		2022	
Current tax:					
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	402,206	\$	335,140	
Prior year income tax underestimation				8,649	
Total current tax		402,206		343,789	
Deferred tax:					
Origination and reversal of temporary					
differences	(	61,459)	(	18,675)	
Total deferred tax	(	61,459)	(	18,675)	
Income tax expense	\$	340,747	\$	325,114	
		Nine months end	ed Sept	tember 30,	
		2023		2022	
Current tax:					
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	1,168,391	\$	988,579	
Tax on undistributed surplus earnings		50,915		29,130	
Prior year income tax overestimation	(	1,329)	(	3,719)	
Total current tax		1,217,977		1,013,990	
Deferred tax:					
Origination and reversal of temporary					
differences	(	166,807)	(	49,664)	
Total deferred tax	(	166,807)	`	49,664)	
Income tax expense	\$	1,051,170	\$	964,326	

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,						
	20	)23	2022				
Cash flow hedges	(\$	750) \$	4,231				
	Nine	months ended Sept	ember 30,				
	20	)23	2022				
Cash flow hedges	( <u>\$</u>	31,077) \$	52,237				

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2021 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

## (30) Earnings per share

		Three mo	onths ended September	30, 20	023
		Amount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (share in thousands)	S	nings per share dollars)
Basic earnings per share					_
Profit attributable to the parent	\$	1,005,245			
Less:Dividend on preferred stock					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders					
of the parent	\$	1,005,245	566,500	\$	1.77
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders					
of the parent	\$	1,005,245	566,500		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive	Ψ	1,000,2.0	200,200		
potential ordinary shares					
Employees' compensation		_	98		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders					
of the parent plus assumed conversion of					
all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$	1,005,245	566,598	\$	1.77
		Three mo	onths ended September	30, 20	022
			Retrospective		
			adjusted		
			weighted average		
			number of ordinary		nings per
		Amount	shares outstanding		share
		ifter tax	(share in thousands)	<u>(1n</u>	dollars)_
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	ф	000 054	F.C. 500	ф	1 61
of the parent	<u>\$</u>	909,254	566,500	\$	1.61
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	4	000 271	T		
of the parent	\$	909,254	566,500		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation		_	77		
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders					
of the parent plus assumed conversion of					
all dilutive potential ordinary shares		000 054	5// 577	ф	1.60
an unutive potential ordinary shares	\$	909,254	566,577	Ф	1.60

	Nine months ended September 30, 2023							
		number of ordinary	Earnings per					
	Amount	shares outstanding	share					
	after tax	(share in thousands)	(in dollars)					
Basic earnings per share								
Profit attributable to the parent	\$ 2,791,275							
Less:Dividend on preferred stock	(58,685)							
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders								
of the parent	\$ 2,732,590	566,500	\$ 4.82					
Diluted earnings per share								
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders								
of the parent	\$ 2,732,590	566,500						
Assumed conversion of all dilutive								
potential ordinary shares								
Employees' compensation	-	374						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders								
of the parent plus assumed conversion of								
all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 2,732,590	566,874	\$ 4.82					
	Nine mo	nths ended September	30, 2022					
		Retrospective						
		adjusted weighted average						
		number of ordinary	Earnings per					
	Amount	shares outstanding	share					
	after tax	(share in thousands)	(in dollars)					
Basic earnings per share	arter tax	(share in thousands)	(m donars)					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders								
of the parent	\$ 2,696,421	566,500	\$ 4.76					
Diluted earnings per share	ψ 2,090,121	200,300	Ψ 1.70					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders								
of the parent	\$ 2,696,421	566,500						
Assumed conversion of all dilutive	\$ <b>2</b> ,050,. <b>2</b> 1	200,200						
potential ordinary shares								
Employees' compensation	_	472						
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders								
of the parent plus assumed conversion of								
1								
all dilutive potential ordinary shares	\$ 2,696,421	566,972	\$ 4.76					

### (31) Business combinations

- A. On August 8, 2023, the Group acquired 100% of the share capital of Billion Sunpower Co., Ltd. for \$163,017 and obtained control over the company. The company is engaged in solar energy business in Taiwan. As a result of the acquisition, the Group is expected to increase its presence in these markets.
- B. The following table summarises the consideration paid for Billion Sunpower Co., Ltd. and the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date, as well as the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date:

	Aug	ust 8, 2023
Purchase consideration		
Cash paid	\$	163,017
Non-controlling interest		-
	\$	163,017
Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assur	med	
Cash		3,250
Other receivables		408
Inventories		117
Prepayments		148
Other current assets		1,105
Non-current financial assets at amortised cost		2,850
Property, plant and equipment		164,624
Right-of-use assets		7,236
Other non-current assets		770
Intangible assets		24,935
Short-term loans	(	7,340)
Short-term notes payable	(	7,988)
Accounts payable	(	77)
Other payables	(	7,007)
Current income tax liabilities	(	684)
Long-term liabilities, current portion	(	5,587)
Other current liabilities	(	249)
Long-term loans	(	33,037)
Lease liabilities-non-current	(	7,489)
Deferred income tax liabilities	(	6,298)
Total identifiable net assets	\$	129,687
Goodwill	\$	33,330

- C. The operating revenue included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income since August 8, 2023 contributed by Billion Sunpower Co., Ltd. was \$11,713. Billion Sunpower Co., Ltd. also contributed profit before income tax of \$7,504 over the same period. Had the company been consolidated from January 1, 2023, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income would show operating revenue of \$20,996,744 and profit before income tax of \$4,158,502.
- D. On September 7, 2023, the Group acquired 100% of the share capital of Cheng Yo Technology Co., Ltd. for \$464,708 and obtained the control over the company. The company is engaged in solar energy business in Taiwan. As a result of the acquisition, the Group is expected to increase its presence in these markets.
- E. The following table summarises the consideration paid for Cheng Yo Technology Co., Ltd. and the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date, as well as the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date:

	Septe	mber 7, 2023
Purchase consideration		_
Cash paid	\$	464,708
Non-controlling interest		-
_	\$	464,708
Fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed		
Cash		46,283
Accounts receivables		12,097
Other receivables		10,000
Prepayments		2,108
Other current assets		11
Property, plant and equipment		515,082
Other non-current assets		9,359
Intangible assets		192,595
Accounts payable	(	33)
Other payables	(	8,672)
Current income tax liabilities	(	764)
Other current liabilities	(	507)
Long-term loans	(	450,088)
Other non-current liabilities	(	1,976)
Deferred income tax liabilities	(	52,784)
Total identifiable net assets	\$	272,711
Goodwill	\$	191,997

- F. The operating revenue included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income since September 7, 2023 contributed by Cheng Yo Technology Co., Ltd. was \$17,541. Cheng Yo Technology Co., Ltd. also contributed profit before income tax of \$7,143 over the same period. Had the company been consolidated from January 1, 2023, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income would show operating revenue of \$21,029,461 and profit before income tax of \$4,169,389.
- G. As of September 30, 2023, the allocation of acquisition price for acquiring 100% of the shares in Cheng Yo Technology Co., Ltd. has not yet been completed. The fair values of the acquired identifiable intangible assets and goodwill of \$192,595 and \$191,997, respectively, are provisional pending receipt of the final valuations for those assets. Related allocation of acquisition price will be completed in one year.

### (32) Supplemental cash flow information

Investing activities with partial cash payments

Purchase of property, plant and equipment
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment
(Shown as 'Accounts payable')
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment
(Shown as 'Accounts payable')
Cash paid during the period

Nine months of	ended September 30, 2023
\$	2,309,852
	154,579
(	196,733
\$	2,267,698

### (33) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

								2	2023								
		Short-term loans		ort-term notes	Bonds payable	I	ong-term	_	Guarantee deposits received	_	Other payables		Lease liabilities	_	Dividends payable		ciabilities from financing activities-gross
At January 1	\$	83,933,343	\$	104,986,596	\$ 22,200,000	\$	262,723	\$	4,499,206	\$	441,394	\$	370,679	\$	-	\$	216,693,941
Changes in cash flow from financing activities Impact of changes in		12,814,764		21,559,986	4,000,000		526,057		218,463		442,425	(	108,738)	(	1,861,186)		37,591,771
foreign exchange rate		11,247		-	-		173		-		-		332		-		11,752
Others	(	550,516)		10,293	 _	_	630,109		802	_			208,640	_	1,861,186	_	2,160,514
At September 30	\$	96,208,838	\$	126,556,875	\$ 26,200,000	\$	1,419,062	\$	4,718,471	\$	883,819	\$	470,913	9	<u>-</u>	\$	256,457,978
								2	2022								
	_	Short-term loans		ort-term notes	 Bonds payable	I	ong-term	_	Guarantee deposits received	_	Other payables	_	Lease liabilities	_	Dividends payable		ciabilities from financing
At January 1	\$	57,098,277	\$	96,914,188	\$ 12,200,000	\$	132,902	\$	3,965,201	\$	738,261	\$	362,824	9	s -	\$	171,411,653
Changes in cash flow from financing activities Impact of changes in	,	29,070,880	(	9,066,600)	10,000,000		-	Ť	307,626	(	292,008)		111,827)		2,163,002)		27,745,069
foreign exchange rate		88,046		-	-		7,503		-		-		1,214		-		96,763
Others	(_	456,325)	(	39,875)	 	_	11,674	_		_		_	86,443	_	2,163,002	_	1,764,919
At September 30	\$	85,800,878	\$	87,807,713	\$ 22,200,000	\$	152,079	\$	4,272,827	\$	446,253	\$	338,654	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	201,018,404

### 7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

### (1) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The Company is controlled by Hozan Investment Co., Ltd. which holds 45.395% ordinary equity interest in the Company. Ho Tai Motor Co. Ltd. is the Company's ultimate parent company.

### (2) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
Ho Tai Motor Co., Ltd.	The ultimate parent
Hozan Investment Co., Ltd.	Parent
Taipei Toyota Motor Co., Ltd. (Taipei Motor)	Other related parties
Tau Miau Motor Co., Ltd. (Tau Miau)	Other related parties
Kuotu Motor Co., Ltd. (Kuotu)	Other related parties
Central Motor Co., Ltd. (Central)	Other related parties
Nan Du Motor Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Kau Du Automobile Co., Ltd. (Kau Du)	Other related parties
Ho Yu Investment Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Hotai Leasing Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Toyota Material Handling Taiwan Ltd.	Other related parties
Hotong Motor Investment Co., Ltd. (Hotong)	Other related parties
Lang Yang Toyota Motor Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Eastern Motor Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Chang Yuan Motor Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Horung Motors Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Hohung Motors Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Zhong Cheng Motor Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Carmax Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Ho An Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Ho Chuang Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Hotai Insurance Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Ho Tai Development Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Ho Tai Service & Marketing Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Hotai Connected Co., Ltd. (Hotai Connected)	Other related parties
Smart Design Technology Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Kuozui Motors, Ltd.	Other related parties
Hotai Mobility Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Quan An Transportation Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Yu Cheng Transportation Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Hozao Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Zheng-Ren Energy Co., Ltd. (Zheng-Ren)	Other related parties
Gochabar Co., Ltd. (Gochabar)	Other related parties
Formosa Container Transportation Company Limited	Other related parties
Shi-ho Screw Industrial Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Ho Young Travel Agency Co., Ltd.	Other related parties

Names of related parties	Relationship with the Group
Shanghai Hozhan Motor Service Co., Ltd. (Shanghai Hozhan)	Other related parties
Shanghai Yangpu Heling Lexus Motor Sales & Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Shanghai Heling Motor Service Co., Ltd. (Shanghai Heling)	Other related parties
Shanghai Ho-mian Motor Technology Co., Ltd.	
(Shanghai Ho-mian)	Other related parties
Shanghai Hoxin Motor Service Consulting Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Tianjin Heling Lexus Motor Sales & Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Tianjin Hozhan Motor Service Co., Ltd. (Tianjin Hozhan)	Other related parties
Tianjin Heyi International Trading Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Tianjin Ho-yu Motor Sales & Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Tianjin Binhai Heling LEXUS Motor Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Shanghai Hoyu Motor Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Chongqing Takang Heling Lexus Motor Sales & Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Chongqing Heling Lexus Motor Sales & Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Chongqing Yurun Toyota Automobile Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Chongqing Yudu Toyota Automobile Sales and Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Nanchang Heling Lexus Motor Sales & Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Nanjing HoZhan Motor Sales and Service Co., Ltd.	
(Nanjing HoZhan)	Other related parties
Tangshan Heling Lexus Motor Sales & Service Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Guangzhou Gac Changho Autotech Corporation	Other related parties
San Xing (Shanghai) Business Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Triple S Digital Co., Ltd.	Other related parties

### (3) Significant related party transactions and balances

### A. Revenue:

(a) Compensation of installment sale price spread

	Thi	ded September 30,		
	2023		2022	
- The ultimate parent	\$	22,048	\$	40,794
- Other related parties		58,213		60,371
-	\$	80,261	\$	101,165
	Nine months ended September 30			ember 30,
	2023			2022
- The ultimate parent	\$	65,295	\$	150,242
- Other related parties		150,002		201,903
	\$	215,297	\$	352,145
	·			

The Company's compensation from specified vehicle promotion activities received from above related parties are amortized by installment.

#### (b) Rental assets income

- The ulti	mate parent
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- Other related parties

- The ultimate par	ent
--------------------	-----

- Other related parties

### (c) Sales revenue

- Other related parties

- Other related parties

#### (d) Other revenue

- The ultimate parent
- Other related parties
- The ultimate parent
- Other related parties

### B. Expenses

### (a) Cost of rental sales:

- The ultimate parent
- Other related parties

Three months ended September 30,

2023	 2022
\$ 645	\$ 233
 29,003	 30,753
\$ 29,648	\$ 30,986

Nine mont	hs ended	Septemb	er 30,

2023	2022
\$ 1,435	\$ 740
89,084	88,340
\$ 90,519	\$ 89,080

Three months ended September 30,

	2023		2022
\$	10,071	\$	15,200
	Nine months end	ed Se	eptember 30,
	2023		2022
Φ	37 688	2	25.616

Three months ended September 30,

	<u> </u>
2023	 2022
\$ 3,023	\$ 5,600
2,653	 2,349
\$ 5,676	\$ 7,949

Nine months ended September 30,

 2023	 2022
\$ 7,430	\$ 5,867
 9,568	 11,054
\$ 16,998	\$ 16,921

#### Three months ended September 30,

2023	2022
\$ 27	\$ 393
132,182	 155,136
\$ 132,209	\$ 155,529

	Nine n	nonths ended Sept	ember 30,
	202	23	2022
<ul><li>The ultimate parent</li><li>Other related parties</li></ul>	\$	152 \$ 439,495	563 371,124
Other related parties	\$	439,647 \$	371,687
(b) Rent expense:			· · ·
	Three t	nonths ended Sep	tember 30
	202		2022
- The ultimate parent	\$	3,187 \$	35
- Other related parties	Ψ	8,959	8,754
Other related parties	\$	12,146 \$	8,789
	Nine n	nonths ended Sept	ember 30
	202		2022
- The ultimate parent	\$	3,237 \$	128
- Other related parties	Ψ	26,099	24,552
ranco Franco	\$	29,336 \$	24,680
(c) Administrative service fee:	Three r	months ended Sep	tember 30, 2022
- The ultimate parent	\$	3,665 \$	1,634
- Other related parties	4	4,229	3,566
1	\$	7,894 \$	5,200
	Nine n	nonths ended Sept	ember 30,
	202		2022
- The ultimate parent	\$	17,017 \$	6,138
- Other related parties	φ.	17,255	16,603
	\$	34,272 \$	22,741
(d) Commission expense:			
	Three r	months ended Sep	tember 30,
	202		2022
- The ultimate parent			
-	\$	- \$	_
- Other related parties	\$ 	- \$ 89,747 89,747 \$	89,237 89,237

8,787

232,134

240,921

2023

\$

\$

Nine months ended September 30,

\$

\$

2022

15,369

246,325

261,694

~66~

- The ultimate parent

- Other related parties

(e) Advertisement expense					
	Three months	ended Se	-		
	2023		2022		
- The ultimate parent	\$	- \$	-		
- Other related parties					
Hotai Connected	8,7		13,311		
Others		<u>44</u>			
	\$ 8,9	<u>70</u> \$	13,311		
	Nine months	ended Sej	ptember 30,		
	2023		2022		
- The ultimate parent	\$ 4	05 \$	-		
- Other related parties					
Hotai Connected	32,3	38	36,063		
Others	4	47	5		
	\$ 33,1	90 \$	36,068		
(f) Chattel custody service fee					
•	Three months	ended Se	eptember 30,		
	2023		2022		
- Other related parties	\$ 10,3	<u>65</u> <u>\$</u>	9,335		
	Nine months	ended Se	ptember 30,		
	2023		2022		
- Other related parties	\$ 30,0	84 \$	31,816		
(g) Others					
	Three months	ended Se	entember 30		
	2023	chaca se	2022		
- The ultimate parent	\$ 3,0	00 \$	_		
- Other related parties	,	,			
Kuotu	1,915,9	85	1,654,453		
Kau Du	1,052,4		1,158,075		
Others	2,593,1		2,336,090		
	\$ 5,564,5		5,148,618		
	Nine months	ended Se	ptember 30.		
	2023		2022		
- The ultimate parent	\$ 4,7	05 \$			
- Other related parties	ŕ				
Kuotu	5,281,8	49	4,888,840		
Kau Du	3,310,5		3,593,918		
Others	7,647,9		6,470,981		
	\$ 16,245,0		14,953,739		

As described in Note 4(29), installment sales of the Company are intended primarily to earn interest revenue. Sales revenue and the cost of goods sold from installment sales are presented in net amount and movable properties arising from transaction are all pledged as collateral. The credit terms to related parties were the same as those to third parties.

Since 2022, part of the installment business is carried out in cooperation with related parties by jointly signing a debt assignment agreement with customers, so it is not listed in the above table.

### C. Receivables from (payables to) related parties:

### (a) Receivables from related parties:

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022
- The ultimate parent	\$ 14,938	\$ 32,800	\$ 26,215
- Other related parties	39,849	52,399	62,918
-	\$ 54,787	\$ 85,199	\$ 89,133
(b) Accounts payable:			
	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022
- Other related parties			
Kuotu	\$ 102,647	\$ 90,248	\$ 112,628
Kau Du	39,220	37,730	70,003
Taipei Motor	56,725	29,980	57,153
Others	84,833	500	10,382
	\$ 283,425	\$ 158,458	\$ 250,166
(c) Other payables:			
	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022
- The ultimate parent	\$ 1,058	\$ 875	\$ 827
- Other related parties	34,904	91,771	87,425
•	\$ 35,962	\$ 92,646	\$ 88,252
(d) Prepayments:			
	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 30, 2022
- Other related parties	\$ 17,944	\$ 13,382	\$ 20,414

## D. Property transactions – acquisition of furniture and fixtures and transportation equipment

### (a) Lease:

- The ultimate parent         \$ 53,276         \$ 19,943           - Other related parties         **** Kuotu         113,089         65,981           Taipei Motor         61,471         8,995           Central Motor         117,994         60,278           Tau Miau         62,022         17,516           Shanghai Heling         20,167         69,828           Others         91,686         68,374           Tau Miau         \$ 519,705         310,915           - The ultimate parent         \$ 84,291         \$ 35,548           - Other related parties         \$ 84,291         \$ 291,781           Kuotu         262,893         291,781           Taipei Motor         191,732         210,445           Central Motor         239,762         212,936           Tau Miau         152,255         72,808           Shanghai Heling         69,900         127,464           Others         199,365         195,640           \$ 1,200,198         1,146,622           (b) Owner-occupied:         Three months entrelated parties           Gochabar         \$ 10,815         1,965           Nanjing Hozhan         1,782         1,965           Nanjing Hozhan		Three months	ended S	ded September 30,		
- Other related parties           Kuotu         113,089         65,981           Taipei Motor         61,471         8,995           Central Motor         117,994         60,278           Tau Miau         62,022         17,516           Shanghai Heling         20,167         69,828           Others         91,686         68,374           \$ 519,705         \$ 310,915           Nine months end=*September* 30, 2022           - The ultimate parent         \$ 84,291         \$ 35,548           - Other related parties         \$ 84,291         \$ 35,548           Kuotu         262,893         291,781           Taipei Motor         191,732         210,445           Central Motor         239,762         212,936           Tau Miau         152,255         72,808           Shanghai Heling         69,900         127,464           Others         199,365         195,640           \$ 1,200,198         1,146,622           (b) Owner-occupied:         Three months ender September 30, 2022           *Other related parties         * 10,810         * 1           Gochabar         \$ 10,810         * 1           Nanjing Hozhan         1,782		2023		2022		
Kuotu         113,089         65,981           Taipei Motor         61,471         8,995           Central Motor         117,994         60,278           Tau Miau         62,022         17,516           Shanghai Heling         20,167         69,828           Others         91,686         68,374           \$ 519,705         \$ 310,915           **The ultimate parent         \$ 84,291         \$ 35,548           **Other related parties         * 84,291         \$ 35,548           **Kuotu         262,893         291,781           Taipei Motor         191,732         210,445           Central Motor         239,762         212,936           Tau Miau         152,255         72,808           Shanghai Heling         69,900         127,464           Others         199,365         195,640           \$ 1,200,198         1,146,622           (b) Owner-occupied:         **Three months enter September 30, 2022           **Other related parties         **Three months enter September 30, 2022           **Other related parties         **Three months enter September 30, 2022           **Other related parties         **Three months enter September 30, 2022 <td>- The ultimate parent</td> <td>\$ 53,2</td> <td>76 \$</td> <td>19,943</td>	- The ultimate parent	\$ 53,2	76 \$	19,943		
Taipei Motor         61,471         8,995           Central Motor         117,994         60,278           Tau Miau         62,022         17,516           Shanghai Heling         20,167         69,828           Others         91,686         68,374           \$ 519,705         \$ 310,915           - The ultimate parent         \$ 84,291         \$ 35,548           - Other related parties         84,291         \$ 35,548           - Other related parties         262,893         291,781           Taipei Motor         191,732         210,445           Central Motor         239,762         212,936           Tau Miau         152,255         72,808           Shanghai Heling         69,900         127,464           Others         199,365         195,640           Others         199,365         195,640           \$ 1,200,198         1,146,622           (b) Owner-occupied:         Three months ended september 30, 2022           - Other related parties         7         2023         2022           - Other related parties         10,810         \$ -           Gochabar         \$ 10,810         \$ -	- Other related parties					
Central Motor         117,994         60,278           Tau Miau         62,022         17,516           Shanghai Heling         20,167         69,828           Others         91,686         68,374           \$ 519,705         \$ 310,915           - The ultimate parent         \$ 84,291         \$ 35,548           - Other related parties         Kuotu         262,893         291,781           Taipei Motor         191,732         210,445           Central Motor         239,762         212,936           Tau Miau         152,255         72,808           Shanghai Heling         69,900         127,464           Others         199,365         195,640           \$ 1,200,198         \$ 1,146,622           (b) Owner-occupied:         Three months ended September 30, 2022           - Other related parties         Three months ended September 30, 2022           - Other related parties         \$ 10,810         \$ -           Sochabar         \$ 10,810         \$ -           Nanjing Hozhan         1,782         1,965           Tianjin Hozhan         1,782         1,965           Tianjin Hozhan         ( 12)         1,815	Kuotu	113,08	39	65,981		
Tau Miau         62,022   17,516           Shanghai Heling Others         20,167   69,828           Others         91,686   68,374           Nine months ender September 30, 2023   2022           The ultimate parent         \$ 84,291   \$ 35,548           - Other related parties         Kuotu         262,893   291,781           Taipei Motor         191,732   210,445           Central Motor         239,762   212,936           Tau Miau         152,255   72,808           Shanghai Heling         69,900   127,464           Others         199,365   195,640           \$ 1,200,198   1,146,622           (b) Owner-occupied:           Three months ender September 30, 2022           Cother related parties         Three months ender September 30, 2022           Cother related parties         10,810   \$ -           Gochabar         \$ 10,810   \$ -           Nanjing Hozhan         1,782   1,965           Tianjin Hozhan         1,782   1,965           Tianjin Hozhan         3,106   1,213           Others         955   876	Taipei Motor	61,47	71	8,995		
Shanghai Heling Others         20,167 gl,686 gl,374 gl,686 gl,374 gl,519,705	Central Motor	117,99	94	60,278		
Others         91,686         68,374           \$ 519,705         310,915           Nine months ender September 30, 2023         2023         2022           - The ultimate parent         \$ 84,291         \$ 35,548           - Other related parties         Kuotu         262,893         291,781           Taipei Motor         191,732         210,445           Central Motor         239,762         212,936           Tau Miau         152,255         72,808           Shanghai Heling         69,900         127,464           Others         199,365         195,640           \$ 1,200,198         1,146,622           (b) Owner-occupied:         Three months ender September 30, 2022           Cother related parties         Gochabar         \$ 10,810            Nanjing Hozhan         1,782         1,965           Tianjin Hozhan         1,782         1,965           Tianjin Hozhan         1,213           Others         3,106         1,213           Others         955         876	Tau Miau	62,02	22	17,516		
S   S19,705   S   S10,915     Nine months ender   September 30, 2023   2022     The ultimate parent   S   84,291   S   35,548     Other related parties   Kuotu   262,893   291,781     Taipei Motor   191,732   210,445     Central Motor   239,762   212,936     Tau Miau   152,255   72,808     Shanghai Heling   69,900   127,464     Others   199,365   195,640     S   1,200,198   1,146,622     Other related parties   Three months ender   September 30, 2022     Other related parties   Gochabar   S   10,810   S   - Nanjing Hozhan   1,782   1,965     Tianjin Hozhan   1,782   1,965     Tianjin Hozhan   3,106   1,213     Others   955   876	Shanghai Heling	20,16	57	69,828		
Nine months ended September 30, 2023           2023         2022           - The ultimate parent         \$ 84,291         \$ 35,548           - Other related parties         Kuotu         262,893         291,781           Taipei Motor         191,732         210,445           Central Motor         239,762         212,936           Tau Miau         152,255         72,808           Shanghai Heling         69,900         127,464           Others         199,365         195,640           \$ 1,200,198         1,146,622           (b) Owner-occupied:           Three months ender September 30, 2022           - Other related parties         Three months ender September 30, 2022           - Other related parties         10,810         \$ 1,965           Gochabar         \$ 10,810         \$ 1,965           Nanjing Hozhan         1,782         1,965           Tianjin Hozhan         ( 12)         1,815           Shanghai Hozhan         3,106         1,213           Others         955         876	Others	91,68	<u> </u>	68,374		
- The ultimate parent         2023         2022           - Other related parties         ***84,291         ***35,548           Kuotu         262,893         291,781           Taipei Motor         191,732         210,445           Central Motor         239,762         212,936           Tau Miau         152,255         72,808           Shanghai Heling         69,900         127,464           Others         199,365         195,640           \$ 1,200,198         1,146,622           (b) Owner-occupied:           Three months ended September 30, 2022           - Other related parties         *** Three months ended September 30, 2022           - Other related parties         *** 10,810         *** -           Gochabar         *** 10,810         *** -           Nanjing Hozhan         1,782         1,965           Tianjin Hozhan         (*** 12)         1,815           Shanghai Hozhan         3,106         1,213           Others         955         876		\$ 519,70	<u> \$</u>	310,915		
- The ultimate parent - Other related parties Kuotu Taipei Motor Central Motor Tau Miau Shanghai Heling Others  (b) Owner-occupied:  Three months ended September 30, 2022  - Other related parties Gochabar Shanghai Hozhan Tianjin Hozhan Shanghai Hozhan Others  Say 1,200,198 Shanghai Hozhan		Nine months	ended Se	eptember 30,		
- Other related parties  Kuotu 262,893 291,781 Taipei Motor 191,732 210,445 Central Motor 239,762 212,936 Tau Miau 152,255 72,808 Shanghai Heling 69,900 127,464 Others 199,365 195,640 \$1,200,198 \$1,146,622  (b) Owner-occupied:  Three months ended September 30, 2023 2022  - Other related parties Gochabar Sochabar Nanjing Hozhan 1,782 1,965 Tianjin Hozhan (12) 1,815 Shanghai Hozhan 3,106 1,213 Others 955 876		2023		2022		
Kuotu       262,893       291,781         Taipei Motor       191,732       210,445         Central Motor       239,762       212,936         Tau Miau       152,255       72,808         Shanghai Heling       69,900       127,464         Others       199,365       195,640         \$ 1,200,198       1,146,622         Three months ended September 30, 2023         - Other related parties       \$ 10,810       -         Gochabar       \$ 10,810       -         Nanjing Hozhan       1,782       1,965         Tianjin Hozhan       ( 12)       1,815         Shanghai Hozhan       3,106       1,213         Others       955       876	- The ultimate parent	\$ 84,29	91 \$	35,548		
Taipei Motor         191,732         210,445           Central Motor         239,762         212,936           Tau Miau         152,255         72,808           Shanghai Heling         69,900         127,464           Others         199,365         195,640           \$ 1,200,198         \$ 1,146,622           Three months ended September 30, 2022           - Other related parties         \$ 10,810         \$ -           Nanjing Hozhan         1,782         1,965           Tianjin Hozhan         ( 12)         1,815           Shanghai Hozhan         3,106         1,213           Others         955         876	- Other related parties					
Central Motor         239,762         212,936           Tau Miau         152,255         72,808           Shanghai Heling         69,900         127,464           Others         199,365         195,640           \$ 1,200,198         \$ 1,146,622           Three months ended September 30, 2023           - Other related parties         2023         2022           Gochabar         \$ 10,810         \$ -           Nanjing Hozhan         1,782         1,965           Tianjin Hozhan         ( 12)         1,815           Shanghai Hozhan         3,106         1,213           Others         955         876	Kuotu	262,89	93	291,781		
Tau Miau       152,255       72,808         Shanghai Heling       69,900       127,464         Others       199,365       195,640         \$ 1,200,198       \$ 1,146,622         Three months ended September 30, 2023         2023       2022         - Other related parties         Gochabar       \$ 10,810       \$ -         Nanjing Hozhan       1,782       1,965         Tianjin Hozhan       ( 12)       1,815         Shanghai Hozhan       3,106       1,213         Others       955       876	Taipei Motor	191,73	32	210,445		
Shanghai Heling       69,900       127,464         Others       199,365       195,640         \$ 1,200,198       1,146,622         (b) Owner-occupied:         Three months ended September 30, 2023         2023       2022         Other related parties       10,810       -         Nanjing Hozhan       1,782       1,965         Tianjin Hozhan       (       12)       1,815         Shanghai Hozhan       3,106       1,213         Others       955       876	Central Motor	239,76	52	212,936		
Others         199,365         195,640           \$ 1,200,198         \$ 1,146,622           (b) Owner-occupied:         Three months ended September 30, 2023           - Other related parties         2023         2022           - Other related parties         For Nanjing Hozhan         \$ 10,810         \$ -           Nanjing Hozhan         1,782         1,965           Tianjin Hozhan         ( 12)         1,815           Shanghai Hozhan         3,106         1,213           Others         955         876	Tau Miau	152,25	55	72,808		
\$ 1,200,198       \$ 1,146,622         Three months ended September 30, 2023         2022         Other related parties         Gochabar       \$ 10,810       \$ -         Nanjing Hozhan       1,782       1,965         Tianjin Hozhan       (       12)       1,815         Shanghai Hozhan       3,106       1,213         Others       955       876	Shanghai Heling	69,90	00	127,464		
Three months ended September 30,       2023     2022       - Other related parties       Gochabar     \$ 10,810 \$ -       Nanjing Hozhan     1,782 1,965       Tianjin Hozhan     ( 12) 1,815       Shanghai Hozhan     3,106 1,213       Others     955 876	Others		<u>55</u>	195,640		
Three months ended September 30,           2023         2022           - Other related parties         \$ 10,810 \$ -           Gochabar         \$ 10,810 \$ -           Nanjing Hozhan         1,782 1,965           Tianjin Hozhan         ( 12) 1,815           Shanghai Hozhan         3,106 1,213           Others         955 876		\$ 1,200,19	<u>98</u> <u>\$</u>	1,146,622		
2023     2022       - Other related parties     \$ 10,810 \$ -       Gochabar     \$ 10,810 \$ -       Nanjing Hozhan     1,782 1,965       Tianjin Hozhan     ( 12) 1,815       Shanghai Hozhan     3,106 1,213       Others     955 876	(b) Owner-occupied:					
- Other related parties  Gochabar \$ 10,810 \$ -  Nanjing Hozhan \$ 1,782 \$ 1,965  Tianjin Hozhan ( 12) \$ 1,815  Shanghai Hozhan \$ 3,106 \$ 1,213  Others 955 \$876		Three months	ended S	eptember 30,		
Gochabar       \$ 10,810 \$ -         Nanjing Hozhan       1,782 1,965         Tianjin Hozhan       ( 12) 1,815         Shanghai Hozhan       3,106 1,213         Others       955 876		2023		2022		
Nanjing Hozhan       1,782       1,965         Tianjin Hozhan       (       12)       1,815         Shanghai Hozhan       3,106       1,213         Others       955       876	- Other related parties					
Tianjin Hozhan       (       12)       1,815         Shanghai Hozhan       3,106       1,213         Others       955       876	Gochabar	\$ 10,8	10 \$	-		
Shanghai Hozhan         3,106         1,213           Others         955         876	Nanjing Hozhan	1,7	82	1,965		
Others 955 876	Tianjin Hozhan	(	12)	1,815		
	Shanghai Hozhan	3,1	06	1,213		
<u>\$ 16,641</u> <u>\$ 5,869</u>	Others	9	<u>55</u>	876		
		\$ 16,6	<u>41</u> \$	5,869		

	Nine months ended September 30,					
		2023		2022		
- Other related parties						
Gochabar	\$	10,810	\$	-		
Nanjing Hozhan		4,947		2,412		
Tianjin Hozhan		3,498		2,301		
Shanghai Hozhan		3,106		3,012		
Others		1,916		876		
	\$	24,277	\$	8,601		

### E. <u>Property transactions – Acquisition of financial assets</u>

	Item recognised	Shares traded	Transaction target	Nine months ended September 30, 2023 Consideration
- Other related parties				
Zheng-Ren	Investment accounted using the equity method	5,488,000	Shares	\$ 54,880

### F. <u>Lease transactions – lessee</u>

- (a) The Group entered into lease agreements using market quotes with related parties and pays rent monthly based on the payment terms.
- (b) Acquisition of right-of-use asset

			Nine months ended September 30,				
			2	2023	2022		
- Other related parties Shanghai Ho-mian			\$	54,463	\$	_	
Others			•	-	·	623	
			\$	54,463	\$	623	
(c) Lease liabilities:							
	September 30	0, 2023	Decemb	per 31,2022	Septemb	per 30, 2022	
- The ultimate parent	\$	952	\$	3,798	\$	4,743	
- Other related parties							
Others		15,898		18,390		19,337	
	\$	16,850	\$	22,188	\$	24,080	

### G. Loans from related parties:

Loans from related parties

Outstanding balance:

	Septem	September 30, 2023		mber 31,2022	September 30, 2022	
- Other related parties						
Hotong	\$	883,819	\$	441,394	\$	446,253

The loans from related parties are repaid in full amount at the maturity date and carried interest at 3.15%~3.2% per annum, which is shown as 'Other payables.'

### (4) Key management compensation

	Three months ended September 30,			
		2023	2022	
Wages, salaries and others short-term employee				
benefits	\$	24,600	\$	17,300
Post-employment benefits		216		234
	\$	24,816	\$	17,534
	Ni	ne months end	ed Sep	tember 30,
		2023		2022
Wages, salaries and others short-term employee				
benefits	\$	68,534	\$	45,581
Post-employment benefits		602		530
	4	69,136	\$	46,111

### 8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Items	Septemb	er 30, 2023	December	r 31, 2022	September	r 30, 2022	Purpose
Pledged assets (Note 1)							
- Pledged time deposits	\$	245,141	\$	108,487	\$	116,144	Guarantee deposit for credit line on gasoline purchases, pledged to banks as collateral for acceptance bill and lease deposit
- Pledged savings							Pledged to banks as collateral for short-term borrowings, commercial paper payable, acceptance bill and performance
account		377,634		346,859		392,451	guarantee
	\$	622,775	\$	455,346	\$	508,595	

Items	Septe	mber 30, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Septer	mber 30, 2022	Purpose
Notes and accounts receivable, net							
- Notes receivable from installment sales	\$	6,110,688	\$	5,185,894	\$	4,645,261	Pledged to banks as collateral for short-term borrowings and commercial paper payable
- Notes receivable from leases		49,537		66,561		70,567	"
- Lease payments		77,557		00,501		70,507	
receivable		5,524,753	-	4,166,761		1,338,759	"
	\$	11,684,978	\$	9,419,216	\$	6,054,587	
Property, plant and equipment							Pledged to banks as collateral for long-term
	\$	890,856	\$	181,803	\$	-	borrowings
Prepayments for business facilities							Pledged to banks as collateral for long-term
(Note 2)	\$	55,900	\$		\$		borrowings

Note 1: Shown as 'Other current financial assets' and 'Other non-current assets, others'.

Note 2: Shown as 'Other non-current assets, others'.

### 9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CO</u>NTRACT

#### **COMMITTMENTS**

- (1) Please refer to Note 6(9) for the operating leases agreement.
- (2) As of September 30, 2023, the Group had entered into contracts for the purchase and installation of equipment and the purchase of the real estate but not yet acquired amounting to \$2,046,662 and \$1,000,030, respectively.

#### 10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

#### 11. <u>SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE</u>

- (1) On August 3, 2023, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to issue secured corporate bonds in the amount of \$5,000,000. The issuance of the secured bonds was approved by the FSC on October 18, 2023.
- (2) On November 2, 2023, the Board of Directors of the subsidiary, He Jun Energy Co., Ltd. resolved a participation in the capital increase raised by Mu Dian Energy Co., Ltd. with the expected amount up to \$700,000 and the expected shareholding ratio up to 35% thereafter.

# 12. OTHERS

# (1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital and to support operations and maximize returns for shareholders.

# (2) Financial instruments

# A. Financial instruments by category

	September 30, 2023		Dec	ember 31, 2022	September 30, 2022		
Financial assets							
Financial assets at fair							
value through profit or loss							
Equity instrument							
mandatorily measured							
at fair value through							
profit or loss	\$		\$	300,000	\$		
Financial assets at fair							
value through other							
comprehensive income							
Designation of equity							
instrument	\$	19,682	\$	3,519	\$	3,340	
Financial assets at amortized							
cost/Loans and receivables							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,469,908	\$	2,382,775	\$	2,185,065	
Notes receivable		11,623,806		9,340,046		9,118,394	
Accounts receivable		250,855,374		216,928,982		203,620,452	
Other receivables		120,647		82,568		85,473	
Guarantee deposits paid		280,421		193,955		181,310	
Other financial assets		622,775		455,346		508,595	
Long-term notes and							
accounts receivable		12,445,533		8,463,807		6,722,049	
	\$	281,418,464	\$	237,847,479	\$	222,421,338	
Hedging financial assets	\$	511,615	\$	504,827	\$	232,491	

	Sept	ember 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		Sept	tember 30, 2022
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities at						
amortized cost						
Short-term loans	\$	96,208,838	\$	83,933,343	\$	85,800,878
Short-term notes and						
bills payable		126,556,875		104,986,596		87,807,713
Notes payable		1,363,933		762,215		864,707
Accounts payable						
(including related						
parties)		544,260		514,386		464,718
Other payables		3,236,933		3,165,332		2,710,531
Bonds payable		26,200,000		22,200,000		22,200,000
Long-term loans						
(including current						
portion)		1,419,062		262,723		152,079
Guarantee deposits		4,718,471		4,499,206		4,272,827
received		4,710,471		4,477,200		7,272,027
Financial guarantee		28,690		39,598		44,379
liabilities	Φ.	·	Φ.		Φ.	·
	\$	260,277,062	\$	220,363,399	\$	204,317,832
Lease liabilities	\$	470,913	\$	370,679	\$	338,654
Hedging financial liabilities	\$	1,301,539	\$	586,800	\$	1,028,549

# B. Financial risk management policies

- (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. To minimize any adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group, derivative financial instruments, such as cross-currency swap are used to hedge certain exchange rate risk, and variable future cash flows are transferred to fix. Derivatives are used exclusively for hedging purposes and not as trading or speculative instruments.
- (b) Risk management is carried out by each assigned department of companies within the Group under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The finance departments identify, evaluate and hedge financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

# C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

### (a) Market risk

## Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the RMB. Foreign exchange rate risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.
- ii. Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury.
- iii. The Group entered into cross-currency swaps with financial institutions to hedge the exchange rate risk arising from loans, and are shown as financial assets and liabilities for hedging. Please refer to Note 6(3).
- iv. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD; certain subsidiaries' functional currency: RMB). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. Considering the cross-currency swap transactions the Group is engaged in, the information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

		Septe	ember 30, 202	23		December 31, 2022					
	Foreign	currency				Foreign currency	7				
	am	ount	Exchange	В	ook value	amount	Exchange	Book value			
	(In tho	usands)	rate		(NTD)	(In thousands)	rate	(NTD)			
(Foreign currency:											
functional currency)											
Financial Assets											
Monetary items											
USD:NTD	USD	8,199	32.2700	\$	264,591	USD -	-	\$ -			
						September 30, 2022					
						Foreign currency	/				
						amount	Exchange	Book value			
						(In thousands)	rate	(NTD)			
(Foreign currency:											
functional currency)											
Financial Assets											
Monetary items											
USD:NTD						USD -	-	\$ -			

v. The total exchange gain, including realised and unrealised, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, amounted to (\$18,093) and (\$3,567), respectively.

vi. Considering the cross-currency swap transactions the Group is engaged in, the analysis of foreign currency market risk arising from significant foreign exchange variation is as follows:

	Nine months ended September 30,									
		2023		2022						
	Se	ensitivity ana	lysis	S	ensitivity ana	lysis				
	Foreign currency Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effects on other comprehensive income	Foreign currency Degree of variation	Effect on profit or loss	Effects on other comprehensive income				
(Foreign currency: functional currency) Financial liabilities Monetary items										
USD:NTD	1%	\$ 2.646	\$ -	1%	\$ -	\$ -				

## Cash flow and fair value Interest rate risk

- i. The interest rate risk of the Group is mainly from the floating rate loans with financial institutions, which exposes the Group to cash-flow interest rate risk.
- ii. The Group uses the method of PVBP (Present Value of Basis Point) to evaluate the market risk of cross-currency swap (CCS) transactions. As the amounts, periods, contract dates, contract renewing dates, receipts / payments of interest, indices used to measure interest rate of the nominal principal of IRS and hedged liabilities are equivalent, the market risk could be offset. Thus, the Group estimates there would be no material market risk.
- iii. The Group borrows loans with fixed interest rate. The Group entered into interest rate swap contracts for hedging fluctuated market interest rate. The cash flow risk is low.
- iv. If the borrowing interest rate had increased or decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant and considering the cross-currency swap transactions the Group is engaged in, profit after tax for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$590,952 and \$228,016, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result in floating-rate borrowings.

### (b) Credit risk

- i. The Group has lower significant concentrations of agreements with single clients and the Group will evaluate the financial credit status of the clients (including the borrowers who assist the banks in promoting automobile installment loans and credit loans business). Most of the Group's receivables have proper collaterals. Therefore, credit risk of receivables is low. The maximum loss to the Group is the total book value of receivables.
- ii. The Group engages in cross-currency swap transactions with the good credit standing financial institutions. Therefore, the Group expects the credit risk of the counterparties to be low.

- iii. The Group provides guarantees for bank financing to Hoyun International Leasing Co., Ltd., Hoyun (Shanghai) Commercial Factoring Co., Ltd., He Jing Co., Ltd. and He Jun Energy Co., Ltd. the subsidiaries of the Group, in accordance with the "Procedures Governing Endorsements and Guarantees". Since the Group can control these subsidiaries' credit, collaterals are not asked. In the event that these related parties fail to comply with loan agreements with banks, the maximum loss to the Group is the total amount of loan guarantees.
- iv. The Group entered into contracts with banks to introduce customers to avail of car mortgage loan with the banks. According to the contract signed by the Group and the banks, if any customer car loans payment is delayed, the Group is required to reimburse the unpaid balance. Upon such payment, the Group takes over the remaining creditor rights on the delinquent loan. As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, the outstanding amount of the customers' mortgaged loans with the banks were 2,584,047, \$3,779,139 and \$4,291,543, respectively; and the amount of notes receivable received by the Group from the customers were \$34,284, \$71,213 and \$71,709, respectively. The Group assesses financial guarantee contract liabilities which may arise from rendering the above services based on historical experience and recognizes financial guarantee expense which is shown as 'Financial guarantee liabilities'.
- v. The Group adopts the assumptions under IFRS 9, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 60 days.
- vi. The Group adopts the following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:

  The default occurs if the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms.
- vii. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
  - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer or the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
  - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
  - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments; and
  - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- viii. The Group classifies customers' installment accounts and notes receivable and lease payments and notes receivable in accordance with situation of default. The Group uses deferral days and case assessment to estimate expected credit loss under the provision matrix basis.

- ix. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered, after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights.
- x. For accounts receivables and notes payable, the credit rating levels are as follows:

			Lifetime		
		Significant			
		increase in	Impairment	Simplified	
	12 months	credit risk	of credit	approach	Total
September 30, 2023					
Neither past due nor impaired	\$ 316,264,761	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 213,313	\$ 316,478,074
Past due or case					
assessment		1,205,697	2,031,451		3,237,148
	\$ 316,264,761	\$1,205,697	\$ 2,031,451	\$ 213,313	\$ 319,715,222
December 31, 2022					
Neither past due nor impaired	\$ 268,516,629	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,086	\$ 268,604,715
Past due or case					
assessment		794,048	1,558,298		2,352,346
	\$ 268,516,629	\$ 794,048	\$ 1,558,298	\$ 88,086	\$ 270,957,061
September 30, 2022					
Neither past due	\$ 250,060,911	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 55,278	\$ 250,116,189
nor impaired					
Past due or case		657 226	1 450 202		2 107 520
assessment		657,336	1,450,203		2,107,539
	\$ 250,060,911	\$ 657,336	\$ 1,450,203	\$ 55,278	\$ 252,223,728

xi. The Group used historical expense and the forward-looking information, such as forecastability of future economic environment to assess the default possibility. As of September 30, 2023 and 2022, the movements of the loss allowance are as follows:

	Nine months ended September 30, 2023										
			_		Lif	etin	ne				
	Significant										
	:			increase in			Impairment				
	_1	12 months		credit risk			of credit		Total		
At January 1	\$	2,989,387		\$	349,790	\$	1,369,707	\$	4,708,884		
Transfer and measurement stages	(	52,531)	(	(	141,774)	1	194,305		-		
Provision for impairment		412,745			258,353		2,437,174		3,108,272		
Write-offs		-			-	(	2,557,747)	(	2,557,747)		
Effect of foreign exchange		<u>650</u>			29	(	55)		624		
At September 30	\$	3,350,251		\$	466,398	\$	1,443,384	\$	5,260,033		

		Lifetime						
				Significant				
				increase in		Impairment of		
		12 months	credit risk		credit			Total
At January 1	\$	2,635,251	\$	211,861	\$	875,094	\$	3,722,206
Transfer and measurement stages	(	32,329)	(	71,801)		104,130		-
Provision for impairment		201,126		161,138		1,409,121		1,771,385

Nine months ended September 30, 2022

1,590

302,788

1,133,273) (

11,288

\$ 1,266,360

1,133,273)

4,399,975

39,657

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, gains on reversal of bad debts amounted to \$694,606 and \$578,474, respectively, and recognized as deduction on expected credit impairment loss.

<u> 26,779</u>

2,830,827

# (c) Liquidity risk

Write-offs

At September 30

Effect of foreign exchange

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by finance departments of companies within the Group. Finance departments of companies within the Group monitor rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal balance sheet ratio targets.
- ii. As of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022, the Group's unused credit line amounted to \$102,496,108, \$96,719,826 and \$98,448,435, respectively.
- iii. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and net-settled or gross-settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities and to the expected maturity date for derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

				Between		
<u>September 30, 2023</u>	W	/ithin 1 year	1	and 2 years	C	Over 2 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:						
Short-term loans	\$	75,657,847	\$	14,765,332	\$	6,945,936
Short-term notes and bills payable		110,128,816		10,214,177		7,043,138
Notes payable		1,363,933		-		-
Accounts payable (including						
related parties)		544,260		-		-
Other payables		3,236,695		-		-
Bonds payable		269,000		17,195,918		9,369,941
Lease liabilities		147,450		119,702		227,328
Long-term loans		440,923		337,816		665,712
<u>Derivative financial liabilities</u> :						
Cross-currency swap	\$	1,243,930	\$	57,609	\$	-
				Between		
<u>December 31,2022</u>	W	/ithin 1 year	1	and 2 years	C	Over 2 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:						
Short-term loans	\$	60,291,311	\$	12,393,403	\$	12,682,205
Short-term notes and bills payable		81,583,817		11,228,520		13,088,357
Notes payable		762,215		-		-
Accounts payable (including						
related parties)		514,386		-		-
Other payables		3,169,687		-		-
Bonds payable		209,000		209,000		22,303,427
Lease liabilities		136,408		110,838		200,248
Long-term loans		15,948		161,987		100,843
Derivative financial liabilities:						
Cross-currency swap	\$	174,433	\$	412,367	\$	-
				Between		
<u>September 30, 2022</u>	W	/ithin 1 year	1	and 2 years	C	Over 2 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:						
Short-term loans	\$	68,393,079	\$	11,223,172	\$	7,099,286
Short-term notes and bills payable		65,982,073		13,460,247		9,042,225
Notes payable		864,707		-		-
Accounts payable (including						
related parties)		464,718		-		-
Other payables		2,718,583		-		-
Bonds payable		209,000		209,000		22,356,106
Lease liabilities		116,421		86,434		142,685
Long-term loans		7,441		7,441		152,466
Derivative financial liabilities:		,		,		,
Cross-currency swap	\$	221,819	\$	806,730	\$	-
_						

# (3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The fair value of the Group's investment in beneficiary certificates is included in Level 1.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The fair value of the Group's investment in derivative instruments is included in Level 2.
  - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. The fair value of the Group's investment in equity investment without active market is included in Level 3.
- B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value
  - The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, short-term loans, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, bonds payable, long-term loans (including current portion) and lease liabilities are approximate to their fair values.
- C. The related information of financial and non-financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities as at September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022 is as follows:
  - (a) The related information of natures of the assets and liabilities is as follows:

September 30, 2023	Level 1			Level 2	<u>I</u>	Level 3	Total	
Assets								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Hedging financial assets	\$	-	\$	511,615	\$	-	\$	511,615
Financial assets at fair value through								
other comprehensive income								
- Equity securities						19,682		19,682
Total	\$		\$	511,615	\$	19,682	\$	531,297
Liabilities								
Recurring fair value measurements								
Hedging financial liabilities	\$	_	\$ 1	1,301,539	\$	_	\$	1,301,539

December 31, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
- beneficiary certificates	\$ 300,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300,000
Hedging financial assets	-	504,827	-	504,827
Financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive income				
- Equity securities			3,519	3,519
Total	\$ 300,000	\$ 504,827	\$ 3,519	\$ 808,346
Liabilities				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Hedging financial liabilities	\$ -	\$ 586,800	\$ -	\$ 586,800
September 30, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Hedging financial assets	\$ -	\$ 232,491	\$ -	\$ 232,491
Financial assets at fair value through				
other comprehensive income				
- Equity securities			3,340	3,340
Total	\$ -	\$ 232,491	\$ 3,340	\$ 235,831
Liabilities				
Recurring fair value measurements				
Hedging financial liabilities	\$ -	\$ 1,028,549	\$ -	\$ 1,028,549

- (b) The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:
  - i. The fair value of other financial instruments is measured by using valuation techniques or by reference to counterparty quotes. The fair value of financial instruments measured by using valuation techniques can be referred to current fair value of instruments with similar terms and characteristics in substance, discounted cash flow method or other valuation methods, including calculated by applying model using market information available at the consolidated balance sheet date.
  - ii. When assessing non-standard and low-complexity financial instruments, for example, debt instruments without active market, interest rate swap contracts and foreign exchange swap contracts, the Group adopts valuation technique that is widely used by market participants. The inputs used in the valuation method to measure these financial instruments are normally observable in the market.

- iii. The Group takes into account adjustments for credit risks to measure the fair value of financial and non-financial instruments to reflect credit risk of the counterparty and the Group's credit quality.
- D. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, there was no transfer between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3.
- E. The financial department is in charge of valuation procedures for fair value measurements being categorized within Level 3, which is to verify independent fair value of financial instruments. Such assessment is to ensure the valuation results are reasonable by applying independent information to make results close to current market conditions, confirming the resource of information is independent, reliable and in line with other resources and represented as the exercisable price, and frequently calibrating valuation model, performing back-testing, updating inputs used to the valuation model and making any other necessary adjustments to the fair value.
- F. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

Non-derivative	Fair value at September 30, 2023	Valuation Technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
- equity instrument: Unlisted shares	\$ 19,682	Net worth method, Discounted cash flow	Net asset value, long-term net operating profit before income tax	-	The higher the net asset value and long-term net operating profit before income tax, the higher the fair value
	Fair value at December 31, 2022	Valuation Technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative - equity instrument: Unlisted shares	\$ 3,519	Net worth method	Net asset value	-	The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value
	Fair value at September 30, 2022	Valuation Technique	Significant unobservable input	Range (weighted average)	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative - equity instrument:					
Unlisted shares	\$ 3,340	Net worth method	Net asset value	-	The higher the net asset value, the higher the fair value

G. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value; therefore, the fair value measurement is reasonable. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in difference measurement. If the inputs used to valuation models increase/decrease by 1%, there is no significant effect to other comprehensive income.

(4) <u>The Group's current assets and liabilities within or over 12 months after the balance sheet date are as follows:</u>

				Within	Over		
September 30, 2023		Book value		12 months		12 months	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,469,908	\$	5,469,908	\$	-	
Hedging financial assets - current		511,615		386,624		124,991	
Accounts and notes receivable, net		262,479,180		97,505,357		164,973,823	
Other receivables		120,647		120,647		-	
Inventories		3,803		3,803		-	
Prepayments		7,217,482		5,620,740		1,596,742	
Other current financial assets		552,044		552,044		-	
Liabilities							
Short-term loans	\$	96,208,838	\$	74,864,987	\$	21,343,851	
Short-term notes and bills payable		126,556,875		109,629,143		16,927,732	
Hedging financial liabilities-current		1,301,539		1,243,930		57,609	
Notes payable		1,363,933		1,363,933		-	
Accounts payable (including related parties)		544,260		544,260		-	
Other payables		3,236,933		3,236,933		-	
Current income tax liabilities		532,451		532,451		-	
Lease liabilities-current		144,049		144,049		-	
Bonds payable		26,200,000		-		26,200,000	
Financial guarantee liabilities-current		28,690		28,690		-	
Guarantee deposits received-current		4,455,111		1,932,912		2,522,199	
Other current liabilities, others		55,652		55,652		-	

December 31, 2022		Book value		Within 12 months		Over 12 months
Assets		Book value	_	12 months	_	12 months
Cash and cash equivalents	- \$	2,382,775	\$	2,382,775	\$	_
Hedging financial assets - current	,	504,827	_	182,211	_	322,616
Accounts and notes receivable, net		226,269,028		83,368,938		142,900,090
Other receivables		82,568		82,568		-
Inventories		5,979		5,979		-
Prepayments		6,886,170		5,285,964		1,600,206
Other current financial assets		373,119		373,119		-
Liabilities						
Short-term loans	\$	83,933,343	\$	59,400,123	\$	24,533,220
Short-term notes and bills payable		104,986,596		81,058,607		23,927,989
Hedging financial liabilities-current		586,800		174,433		412,367
Notes payable		762,215		762,215		-
Accounts payable (including related parties)		514,386		514,386		-
Other payables		3,165,332		3,165,332		-
Current income tax liabilities		724,843		724,843		-
Lease liabilities-current		114,848		114,848		-
Bonds payable		22,200,000		-		22,200,000
Financial guarantee liabilities-current		39,598		39,598		-
Guarantee deposits received-current		4,275,142		1,752,265		2,522,877
Other current liabilities, others		65,667		65,667		-
				Within		Over
September 30, 2022		Book value		12 months		12 months
Assets		DOOK value		12 months		12 months
	_ _	2 195 065	d.	2 105 065	Ф	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,185,065	\$	2,185,065	\$	-
Hedging financial assets - current		232,491		-		232,491
Accounts and notes receivable, net		212,738,846		79,372,350		133,366,496
Other receivables		85,473		85,473		-
Inventories		2,708		2,708		-
Prepayments		6,550,972		3,849,497		2,701,475
Other current financial assets		418,296		418,296		-
Liabilities	_					
Short-term loans	\$	85,800,878	\$	67,883,181	\$	17,917,697
Short-term notes and bills payable		87,807,713		65,584,970		22,222,743
Hedging financial liabilities-current		1,028,549		221,819		806,730
Notes payable		864,707		864,707		-
Accounts payable (including related parties)		464,718		464,718		-
Other payables		2,710,531		2,710,531		-
Current income tax liabilities		473,342		473,342		-
Lease liabilities-current		116,478		116,478		-
Bonds payable		22,200,000		_		22,200,000
Financial guarantee liabilities-current		22,200,000				
i manerar guarantee naomities-earrent		44,379		44,379		-
Guarantee deposits received-current				44,379 1,625,029		2,392,942
_		44,379				-

## 13. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES</u>

The information of significant transactions for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, is as follows:

# (1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Please refer to table 3.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Please refer to table 4.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting periods:

As of September 30, 2023, derivative financial instruments that are not yet matured are as follows:

Name of company holding						
the derivative	Derivative financial	Contrac	t amount			
financial instrument	Instrument	(In tho	usands)	Expiry date	Book value	Fair value
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Cross-currency swap	JPY 58	,800,000	2023/12/6~	(\$1,301,539)	(\$1,301,539)
				2025/5/2		
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Cross-currency swap	EUR	75,000	2024/9/12	250,093	250,093
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Cross-currency swap	USD	30,000	2024/9/6	11,896	11,896
Hoyun International	Cross-currency swap	USD	62,750	2024/8/30~	236,819	236,819
Leasing Co., Ltd.				2025/1/13		
Hoyun(Shanghai)	Cross-currency swap	USD	4,800	2024/10/18	12,807	12,807
Commercial Factoring						

J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Please refer to table 6.

# (2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies: Please refer to table 7.

# (3) <u>Information on investments in Mainland China</u>

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area:
  - (a) Amount and percentage of purchase and its balance percentage of the payables: None.
  - (b) Amount and percentage of sales and its balance percentage of the payables: None.
  - (c) Property transaction amount and profit or loss arises from: None.

- (d) Ending balance and purpose of notes endorsed, guaranteed or pledged as collateral: Please refer to table 2.
- (e) Maximum balance, ending balance, interest rate range and total interest of financing during the period: Please refer to table 1.
- (f) Other transactions having significant to profit or loss or financial status, i.e. services rendering or receiving: None.

# (4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 9.

## 14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

## (1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker that are used to make strategic decisions. The Group considers the business from geographical perspective, and the reportable operating segments are as follows:

- A. Taiwan: installment sales and leasing of various vehicles and equipment.
- B. China: leasing of various vehicles and equipment.

## (2) Measurement of segment information

- A. The accounting policies of operating segments are in agreement with the significant accounting policies summarized in Note 4.
- B. The pre-tax net income is used to measure the Group's operating segment profit (loss) and performance of the operating segments.

# (3) Segment information

The segment information provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

	_	Nine months ended September 30, 2023											
Items		Taiwan		China		econciliation d elimination		Total					
Revenue from external customers													
Revenue from installment business	\$	14,166,756	\$	57,821	\$	-	\$	14,224,577					
Revenue from rental business		3,487,471		3,141,597		-		6,629,068					
Revenue from other business		134,520		-		-		134,520					
Inter-segment revenue				_									
Total segment revenue	\$	17,788,747	\$	3,199,418	\$		\$	20,988,165					
Segment income	\$	3,610,353	\$	846,164	(\$	301,431)	\$	4,155,086					
Segment assets	\$	270,177,917	\$.	34,941,069	(\$	2,850,854)	\$	302,268,132					

Nine months ended September 30, 2022

Items	_	Taiwan		China		Reconciliation and elimination	Total		
Revenue from external customers									
Revenue from installment business	\$	11,102,070	\$	35,778	\$	-	\$	11,137,848	
Revenue from rental business		2,768,330		2,645,477		-		5,413,807	
Revenue from other business		9,996		-		-		9,996	
Inter-segment revenue	_						_	_	
Total segment revenue	\$	13,880,396	\$	2,681,255	\$		\$	16,561,651	
Segment income	\$	3,425,678	\$	912,289	(\$_	341,779)	\$	3,996,188	
Segment assets	\$	213,236,425	\$2	27,873,635	(\$	2,680,568)	\$	238,429,492	

# (4) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

- A. The Group's Chief Operating Decision-Maker assesses performance of operating segments and allocates resources based on pre-tax net income, thus, reconciliation is not needed.
- B. The amounts provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker with respect to total assets are measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial statements.

#### Loans to others

#### Nine months ended September 30, 2023

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Maximum	
outstanding	

			General ledger	Is a related	balance during the nine months ended	Balance at	Actual amount	Interest	Nature	Amount of transactions with the	Reason for short-term	Allowance for doubtful		lateral	Limit on loans granted to a	Ceiling on total loans	
Number	Creditor	Borrower	account	party	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2023	drawn down	rate	of loan	borrower	financing	accounts	Item	Value	single party	granted	Footnote
0	Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	He Jing Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	1.725%	Short-term financing	\$ -	Operational needs	\$ -	None	\$ -	\$ 3,530,781	\$ 7,061,562	Note 1
0	Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	2,000,000	-	-	1.725%	Short-term financing	-	Operational needs	-	None	-	3,530,781	7,061,562	Note 1
1	Hoyun International Leasing Co., Ltd.	Hoyun (Shanghai) Commercial Factoring Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	222,367	220,955	176,764	3.90%	Short-term financing	-	Operational needs	-	None	-	5,644,012	11,288,024	Note 2
1	•	Homei International Trade (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	220,955	220,955	-	3.90%	Short-term financing	-	Operational needs	-	None	-	5,644,012	11,288,024	Note 2
2	He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Chaoyang Energy Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	30,000	30,000	21,000	2.444%	Short-term financing	-	Operational needs	-	None	-	97,122	194,245	Note 3
2	He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Guang Yang Energy Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	40,000	40,000	30,000	2.444%	Short-term financing	-	Operational needs	-	None	-	97,122	194,245	Note 3
2	He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	XianYao Energy Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Y	30,000	30,000	25,000	2.444%	Short-term financing	-	Operational needs	-	None	-	97,122	194,245	Note 3
3	He Jing Co., Ltd.	A	Accounts receivable	N	20,000	-	-	5.00%	Short-term financing	-	Operational needs	-	None	-	295,163	590,326	Note 4
3	He Jing Co., Ltd.	В	Accounts receivable	N	30,000	30,000	27,829	5.00%	Short-term financing	-	Operational needs	-	Stock	36,000	295,163	590,326	Note 4
3	He Jing Co., Ltd.	С	Accounts receivable	N	85,000	85,000	72,974	6.25%~10%	Short-term financing	-	Operational needs	-	Real estate	68,000	295,163	590,326	Note 4
3	He Jing Co., Ltd.	D	Accounts receivable	N	70,000	70,000	67,236	6%~10%	Short-term financing	-	Operational needs	-	Real estate	82,810	295,163	590,326	Note 4

Note 1: For the short-term financing granted by the creditor (Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.) to the borrower (He Jing Co., Ltd.) for working capital needs, ceiling on total loans granted is 20% of net worth and limit on loans granted to a single party is 10% of net worth as prescribed in the Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.'s "Procedures for Provision of Loans".

Note 4: For the short-term financing granted by the creditor (He Jing Co., Ltd.) to the borrower (A, B, C and D) for working capital needs, ceiling on total loans granted is 20% of net worth and limit on loans granted to a single party is 10% of net worth.

Note 2: For loans granted by Hoyun International Leasing Co., Ltd. to foreign companies whose voting rights are 100% owned directly and indirectly by the parent company, ceiling on total loans granted is 200% of the total shareholders' equity and limit on loans granted to a single party is 100% of the total shareholders' equity.

Note 3: For the short-term financing granted by the creditor (He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.) to the borrower (Chaoyang Energy Co., Ltd., Guang Yang Energy Co., Ltd. and XianYao Energy Co., Ltd.) for working capital needs, ceiling on total loans granted is 20% of net worth granted and limit on loans granted to a single party is 10% of net worth.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Party being							Ratio of								
		endorsed/gu	ıaranteed		Maximum	О	Outstanding			accumulated					
				Limit on	outstanding	en	dorsement/		Amount of	endorsement/	Ceiling on	Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
			Relationship	endorsements/	endorsement/	8	guarantee		endorsements/	guarantee amount	total amount of	endorsements/	endorsements	endorsements	
			with the	guarantees	guarantee	8	amount at		guarantees	to net asset value	endorsements/	guarantees by	/guarantees by	/guarantees to	
Number	Endorser/		endorser/	provided for a	amount as of	Sej	ptember 30,	Actual amount	secured with	of the endorser/	guarantees	parent company	subsidiary to	the party in	
(Note 1)	guarantor	Company name	guarantor	single party	September 30, 2023		2023	drawn down	collateral	guarantor company	provided	to subsidiary	parent company	Mainland China	Footnote
0	Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	He Jing Co.,	Subsidiary	\$ 35,307,811	\$ 10,500,000	\$	6,800,000	\$ 2,800,000	\$ -	19.26%	\$ 35,307,811	Y	N	N	Note 2
		Ltd.													
0	Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	He Jun Energy	Subsidiary	35,307,811	2,000,000		1,500,000	480,000	-	4.25%	35,307,811	Y	N	N	Note 2
		Co., Ltd.	·												
0	Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Hoyun	Subsidiary	35,307,811	2,223,669		2,209,548	369,521	_	6.26%	35,307,811	Y	N	Y	Note 2
Ü	710447 7 1144100 001, 2141	International	of a	55,557,611	2,223,009		2,20>,5 .0	505,521		0.2070	22,207,011	-	1,	-	11010 2
		Leasing Co.,	subsidiary												
		Ltd.													
0	Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Hoyun	Subsidiary	35,307,811	514,878		514,878	492,537	_	1.46%	35,307,811	Y	N	Y	Note 2
O	Tiotal I manee Co., Etc.	(Shanghai)	of a	33,307,011	314,070		314,070	4,2,337		1.40/0	33,307,011	1	11	1	11010 2
		Commercial	subsidiary												
		Factoring Co.,	•												
		Ltd.													

Note 1:The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

Note 2: Ceiling on total endorsements is 100% of the total shareholders' equity. Limit on endorsement/guarantee to a single party is 100% of the total shareholders' equity. The net assets are based on the latest audited or reviewed financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> The Company is '0'.

<sup>(2)</sup> The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

### Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

### September 30, 2023

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		Relationship with the	General		As of Septem	ber 30, 2023		
Securities held by	Marketable securities	securities issuer	ledger account	Number of shares	Book value	Ownership (%)	Fair value	Footnote
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Ho An Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income -non-current	-	\$ 3,590	0.50%	\$ 3,590	
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Ho Chuang Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	-	Investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income -non-current	-	103	0.50%	103	
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Perpetual New Energy Co., Ltd.	None	Investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income -non-current	1,600,000	15,989	8.00%	15,989	

## Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital

## Nine months ended September 30, 2023

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Balance as at			Balance as at
January 1, 2023	Additions	Disposal	September 30, 2023

					Januar	y 1, 2023	Additio	ns		Dispo	osal		September 30	, 2023	
Investor	Marketable securities	General ledger	Counterparty	Relationship with the investor	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Selling price	Book value	Gain (loss) on		Amount	Footnote
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	-	Investments accounted for using the equity method	He Jing Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary		\$ -	:			\$ -		\$ -	- \$		Note
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Heng Fong Energy Co., Ltd.	Investments accounted for using the equity method	Heng Fong Energy Co., Ltd.	Associate	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Note
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Cheng Yo Technology Co., Ltd.	Investments accounted for using the equity method	Cheng Yo Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Note
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Hua Nan Phoenix Money Market Fund	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Not applicable	Not applicable	-		48,288,184	800,000	48,288,184	800,053	800,000	53	-	-	
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Yuanta De-Li Money Market Fund	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Not applicable	Not applicable	-		24,074,776	400,000	24,074,776	400,024	400,000	24	-	-	
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Yuanta De- Bao Money Market Fund	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Not applicable	Not applicable	-		44,952,636	550,000	44,952,636	550,031	550,000	31	-	-	
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Yuanta Wan Tai Money Market Fund	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Not applicable	Not applicable	-		19,465,225	300,000	19,465,225	300,018	300,000	18	-	-	
He Jing Co., Ltd.	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund	Current financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Not applicable	Not applicable	21,794,089	300,000	-	-	21,794,089	300,041	300,000	41	-	-	

Note: Please refer to table 7 for relevant information.

## Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

Nine months ended September 30, 2023

Table 5

ABCD.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

## Information on prior transaction if the counterparty is a related party

												Basis or	Purpose of	
Real estate		Date of the	Т	Transaction	Status of				Relationship	Date of		reference used in	acquisition and	Other
acquired by	Real estate	event		amount	payment	Counterparty	Relationship	Owner	with the issuer	transfer	Amount	setting the price	utilization	commitments
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	New Taipei City, Sanchong District, Zhongxing Section 28-30, 34-39, Building 5F, Units ABC, and 6F, Units	May 4, 2023	\$	922,360 \$	138,330	Kuo Yang Construction Co., Ltd.	Non-Related Party			-	-	Appraised by professional appraisal firm (Note 1)	Future operational requirements	None

Note 1:Reference was made to the appraisal results of Bon-De Real Estate Joint Appraisers Firm (appraisal of \$926,388) and CCIS Real Estate Joint Appraisers Firm (appraisal of \$940,904) and the market price.

Note 2:In May 2023, the Company entered into a real estate contract with a non-related party for purchase of land and buldings in Zhongxing Section, Sanchong District, New Taipei City. As the transfer of ownership has not been completed, they were shown as 'other non-current assets, others'.

### Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods

### Nine months ended September 30, 2023

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Transaction

Number (Note 1)		Counterparty	Relationship	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Hoyun International Leasing Co., Ltd.	1	Management fee income \$	25,558	Transaction by contracts	0.12%
0	Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Hoyun International Leasing Co., Ltd.	1	Other receivables	25,558	Transaction by contracts	0.01%
0	Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	He Jing Co., Ltd.	1	Management fee and other income	25,097	Transaction by contracts	0.12%
1	He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Chaoyang Energy Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	21,000	Note 5	0.01%
1	He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Guang Yang Energy Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	30,000	Note 5	0.01%
1	He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	XianYao Energy Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	25,000	Note 5	0.01%
2	Hoyun International Leasing Co., Ltd.	Hoyun (Shanghai) Commercial Factoring Co., Ltd.	3	Other receivables	176,764	Note 5	0.06%

- Note 1: The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:
  - (1) Parent company is '0'.
  - (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- Note 2: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to (If transactions between parent company and subsidiaries or between subsidiaries refer to the same transaction, it is not required to disclose twice. For example, if the parent company has already disclosed its transaction with a subsidiary, then the subsidiary is not required to disclose the transaction; for transactions between two subsidiaries, if one of the subsidiaries has disclosed the transaction, then the other is not required to disclose the transaction.):
  - (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
  - (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
  - (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.
- Note 4: The Company may decide to disclose or not to disclose transaction details in this table based on the Materiality Principle.
- Note 5: Result of receivable on loan financing.

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial investment amount		Shares hel	d as at September 30	0, 2023				
			Main business		alance as at	Balance as at				Net profit (loss) of the investee for the nine months ended	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the nine months ended	
Investor Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Investee Hoyun International Limited	Location  British Virgin Islands	activities General investment	Septe:	mber 30, 2023 1,303,708	December 31, 2022 \$ 1,303,708	Number of shares 40,400,000	Ownership (%) 50.50 \$		September 30, 2023 \$ 596,893	September 30, 2023 301,431	Footnote Subsidiary
	Ž	Č		Ф					,,		•	Ž
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Hoing Mobility Service Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Leasing of passenger car		310,000	310,000	31,000,000	50.82	353,872	22,113	11,238	Subsidiary
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	He Jing Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Installment sales of various vehicles		2,430,000	810,000	243,000,000	81.00	2,416,969	56,659	45,894	Subsidiary
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Solar energy business		800,000	800,000	80,000,000	80.00	758,818 (	22,693) (	18,154)	Subsidiary
Hotai Finance Co., Ltd.	Hotai Mobility Service Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Taxi dispatch service		120,000	120,000	12,000,000	27.40	80,457 (	39,021) (	10,691)	Associate
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Wei Tien Energy Storage Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Energy storage business		22,000	22,000	2,200,000	100.00	20,495 (	1,044)	-	Subsidiary of a subsidiary
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Zheng-Ren Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Solar energy business		86,730	31,850	8,673,000	35.00	74,108 (	14,646)	-	Associate
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Chaoyang Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Solar energy business		9,781	9,781	900,000	90.00	9,676	677	-	Subsidiary of a subsidiary
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Guang Yang Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Solar energy business		116	116	9,000	90.00	877	857	-	Subsidiary of a subsidiary
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	XianYao Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Solar energy business		1,066	1,066	9,000	90.00 (	397) (	769)	-	Subsidiary of a subsidiary
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Heng Fong Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Energy storage business		410,000	-	41,000,000	20.00	406,152 (	19,240)	-	Associate
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Gochabar Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Charging system technical service		36,000	-	3,600,000	30.00	30,960 (	16,800)	-	Associate
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Tung Ching Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Solar energy business		42,227	-	4,000,000	100.00	41,666	1,394	-	Subsidiary of a subsidiary
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Hejun Electricity Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electricity retailing business		1,000	-	100,000	100.00	873 (	127)	-	Subsidiary of a subsidiary
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Tung Ching Green Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electricity retailing business		88,685	-	9,200,000	100.00	92,808	4,123	-	Subsidiary of a subsidiary
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Billion Sunpower Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electricity retailing business		163,017	-	10,000,000	100.00	168,618	5,995	-	Subsidiary of a subsidiary
He Jun Energy Co., Ltd.	Cheng Yo Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electricity retailing business		464,708	-	5,000,000	100.00	465,658	4,249	-	Subsidiary of a subsidiary
Cheng Yo Technology Co Ltd.	., Hon Yang Energy Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electricity retailing business		27,037	-	2,000,000	100.00	28,582	1,545	-	Subsidiary of a subsidiary

### Information on investments in Mainland China

Nine months ended September 30, 2023

Table 8 Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

			Investment	amo remitta Taiv	mulated ount of unce from wan to und China	Taiwan Amou Taiwan	to Mai nt remi for the Septem	nitted from nland Ch tted back nine mo ber 30, 2	nina/ s to nths 023	Accumul amour of remitt from Taiw Mainland as of	nt ance van to China	Net income of investee as of	Ownership held by the Company	Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the nine months ended		Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to	
Investee in	Main business		method		s of	Mainl		back		Septembe		September 30,	(direct or	September 30,	September 30,	Taiwan as of	
Mainland China	activities	 Paid-in capital	(Note 1)	January	y 1, 2023	Chii	na	to Taiw	an	2023	3	2023	indirect)	2023	2023	September 30, 2023	Footnote
Hoyun International Leasing Co., Ltd.	Leasing, wholesale, retail of and support service for vehicles	\$ 2,581,600	Note 1(2)	\$ 1	1,303,708	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,30	3,708	\$ 623,166	50.50	\$ 314,699	\$ 2,850,854	\$ 243,650	Note 2(2) B.
Hoyun (Shanghai) Commercial Factoring Co., Ltd.	Factoring service	220,955	Note 1(3)		-		-		-		-	16,332	50.50	8,248	146,351	-	Note 2(2) C.
Hoyun (Shanghai) Vehicle Leasing Co., Ltd.	Leasing of vehicles	662,864	Note 1(3)		-		-		-		-	31,304	50.50	15,809	309,706	-	Note 2(2) C.
Hangzhou Yiyou Network Technology Co., Ltd.	Leasing of license plate	442	Note 1(3)		-		-		-		-	( 5)	50.50	( 2)	3,267	-	Note 2(2) C.
Hangzhou Wangyou Technology Co., Ltd.	Leasing of license plate	442	Note 1(3)		-		-		-		-	( 1)	50.50	-	948	-	Note 2(2) C.
Homei Consulting (Suzhou) Company	Goods trading business	442	Note 1(3)		-		-		-		-	( 2)	50.50	( 1)	222	-	Note 2(2) C.

Note 1: Investment methods are classified into the following three categories; fill in the number of category each case belongs to:

- (1) Directly invest in a company in Mainland China.
- (2) Through investing in an existing company in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.
- (3) Investment in Mainland China companies through an existing company established in Mainland China.

Note 2: In the 'Investment income (loss) recognised by the Company for the nine months ended September 30, 2023' column:

- (1) It should be indicated if the investee was still in the incorporation arrangements and had not yet any profit during this period.
- (2) Indicate the basis for investment income (loss) recognition in the number of one of the following three categories:
- A.The financial statements that are audited and attested by international accounting firm which has cooperative relationship with accounting firm in R.O.C.
- B.The financial statements that are reviewed and attested by R.O.C. parent company's CPA.
- C.Others.

Limited

Note 3: The numbers in this table are expressed in New Taiwan Dollars.

	Investment									
		amount approved								
	Accumulated amount of	by the Investment	Ceiling on investments in							
	remittance from Taiwan	Commission of the Ministry	Mainland China imposed							
	to Mainland China as of	of Economic Affairs	by the Investment							
Company name	September 30, 2023	(MOEA)	Commission of MOEA							
Hotai Finance Co.,	\$ 1,303,708	\$ 1,305,037	\$ 23,521,096							

### Hotai Finance Co., Ltd. Major shareholders information September 30, 2023

Table 9

	Shares		
Name of major shareholders	Number of shares held(Note)	Ownership (%)(Note)	
Hozan Investment Co.,Ltd.	257,161,874	45.39	
Toyota Financial Service Corporation	130,074,859	22.96	

Note: Excluding preferred stock